

## Joint Numerical Sea Modelling Group Conference

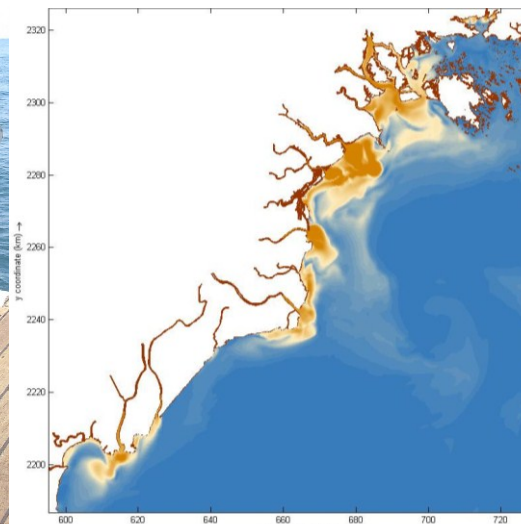
# Suspended sediment transport in Red River Delta coastal area

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<sup>1</sup> Institute of Marine Environment and Resources, VAST, 246 Danang Street, Haiphong City, Vietnam

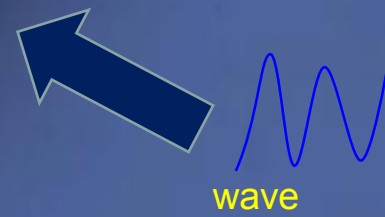
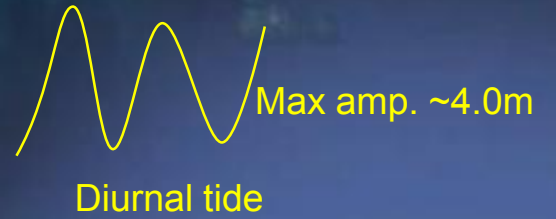
<sup>2</sup> IRD, Université de Toulouse, UPS (OMP), UMR 5566 LEGOS, 14 av. Edouard Belin, 31400 Toulouse, France

<sup>3</sup> Operational Directorate Natural Environment (OD Nature), RBINS, Gulledele 100 B-1200 Brussels, Belgium.



# Introduction

Red River





# Introduction

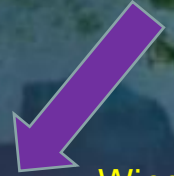
Red River



Hai Phong port

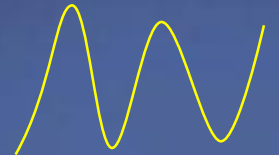
Do Son beach

Deposition  
Water turbidity



Wind NE

Max amp. ~4.0m



Diurnal tide

Complicated hydrodynamics,  
sediment transport



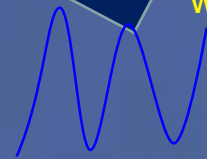
Hai Hau

Erosion

Wind SW



wave



# Deposition in HP ports

- Dredging about 3.8 million ton/year, expenditure 70-80 billion VND for dredging (3.3-3.7 million US\$)
- Trend: mud deposit rate in the estuary is increasing

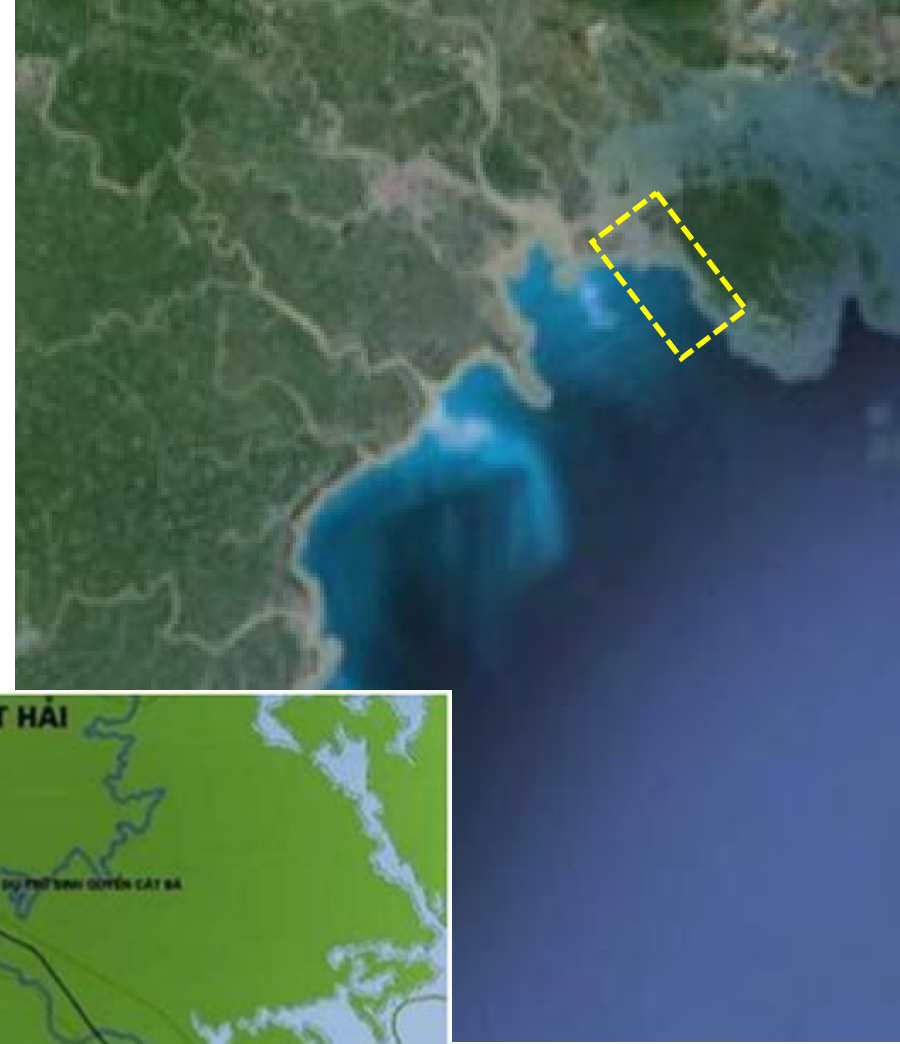




# Deposition in HP ports

- Dredging about 3.8 million ton/year, expenditure 70-80 billion VND for dredging (3.3-3.7 million US\$)
- Trend: mud deposit rate in the estuary is increasing

➔ New harbor offshore  
Cost: 2 billion US\$



# Erosion in Hai Hau

- Erosion extending over a length of 30 km, with average rate of 10 -15 m/year, maximum 20 - 30 m/year, taking away 10ha/year
- At present 1/4 of the coastline of the Red river delta is being eroded.



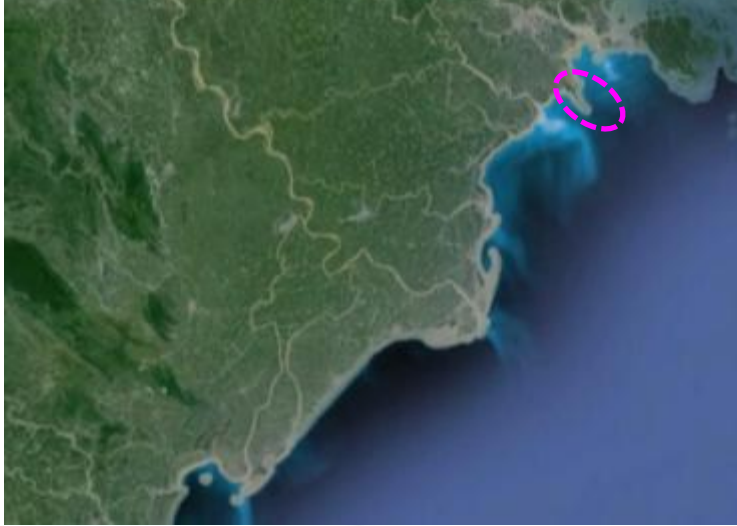
Source: Vinh et al, 2014 Hydrology & Earth System Sciences



Taken: April 30, 2016

# Turbidity in Do Son beach

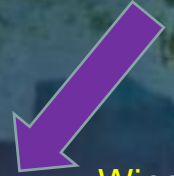
- About 2 million visitors/year





# Introduction

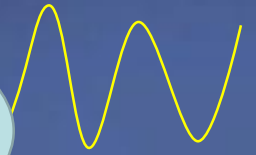
Red River



Wind NE

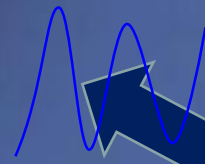
Deposition  
Water turbidity

Max amp. ~4.0m



Diurnal tide

What about processes of hydrodynamics and suspended sediment transport in the RRD coastal area?



wave

Erosion



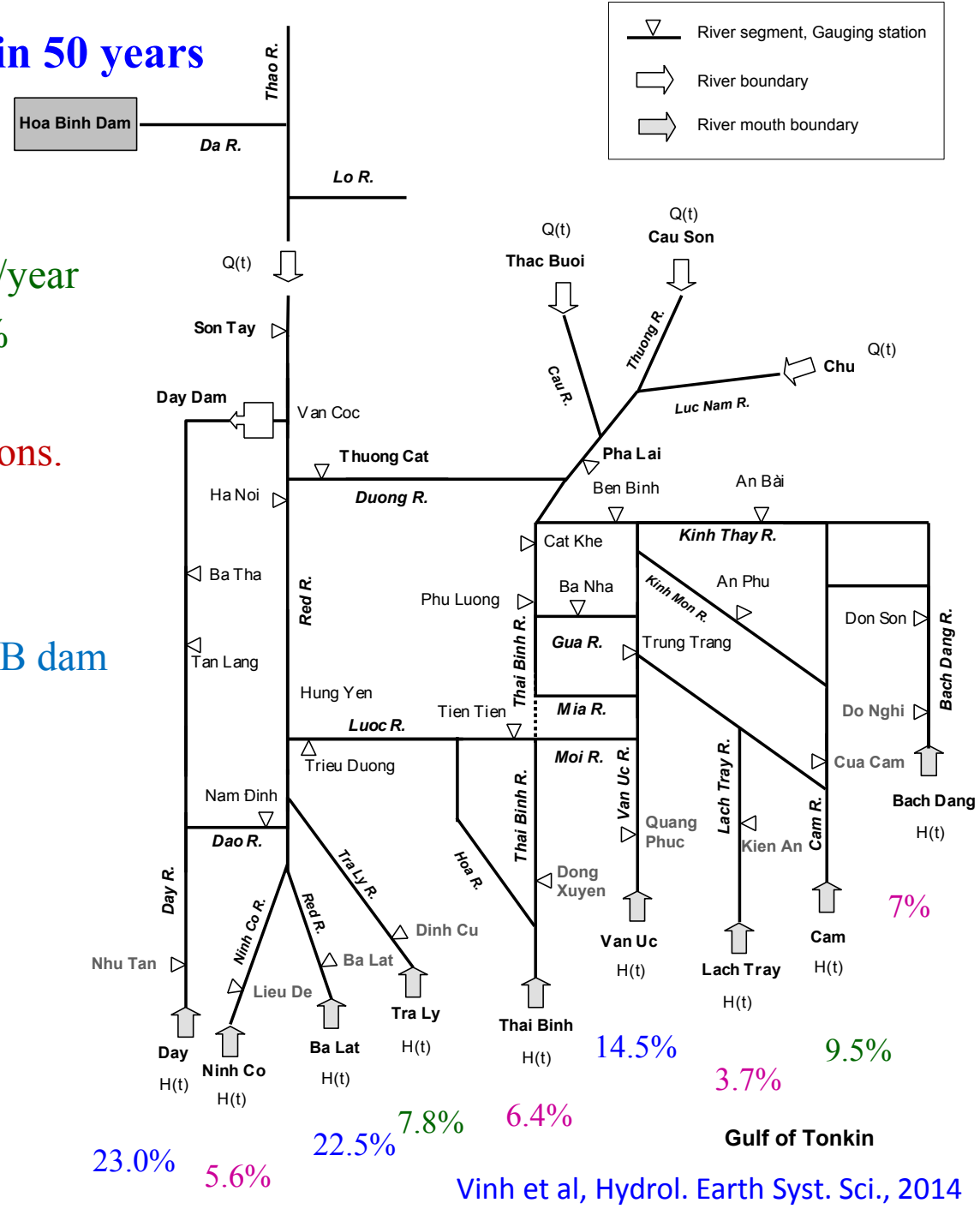
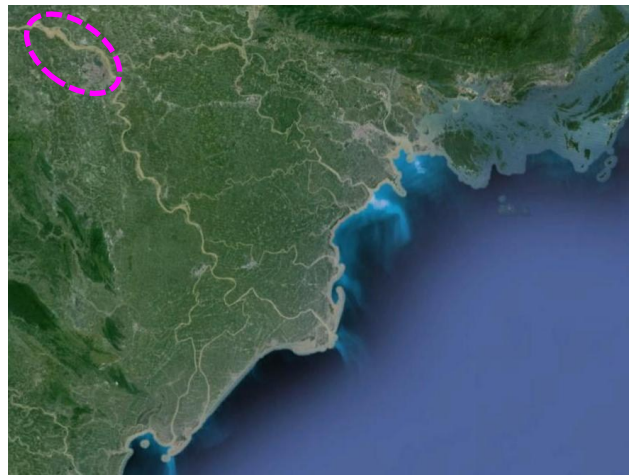
Wind SW



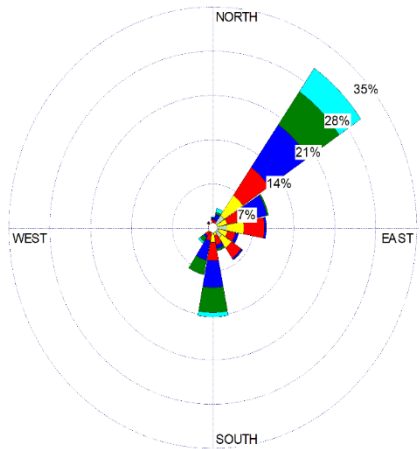
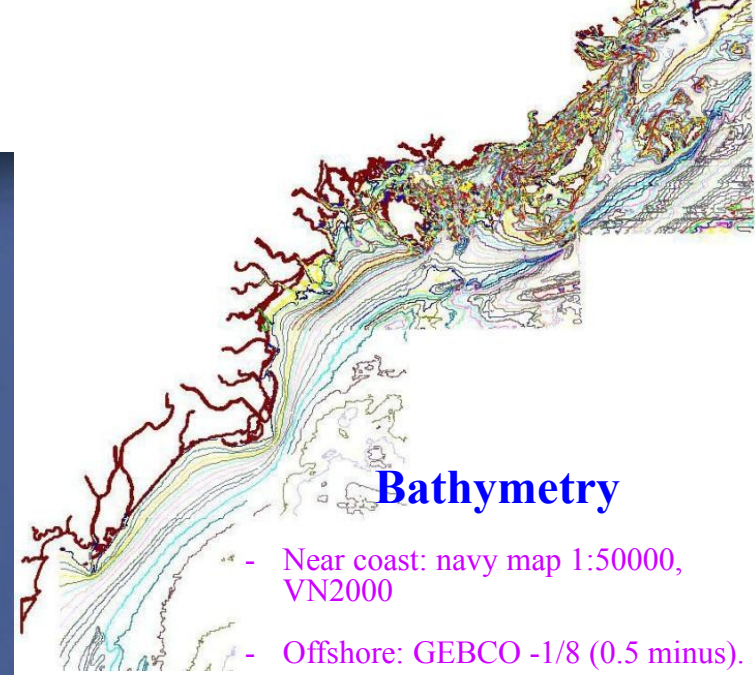


# Variation of sediment discharge in 50 years 1960-2010

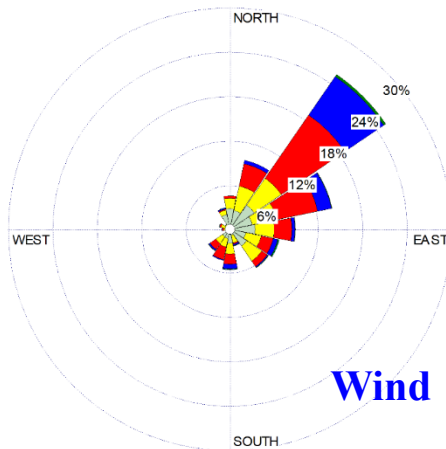
- Water: 80.5-161 10<sup>9</sup> m<sup>3</sup>/year  
rainy: 71-79 %
- Susp. Sed.: 10.4-200.9 mil. tons.  
rainy: 70-96%
- Strong impact of Hoa Binh Dam  
- decreased 61% sediment after HB dam



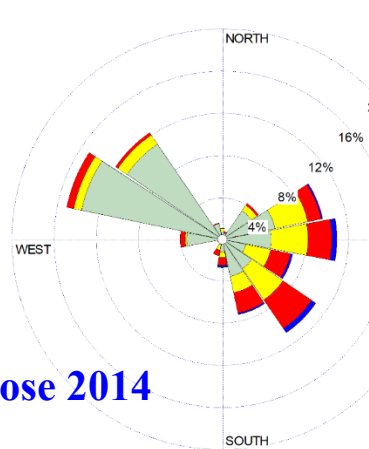
# Data



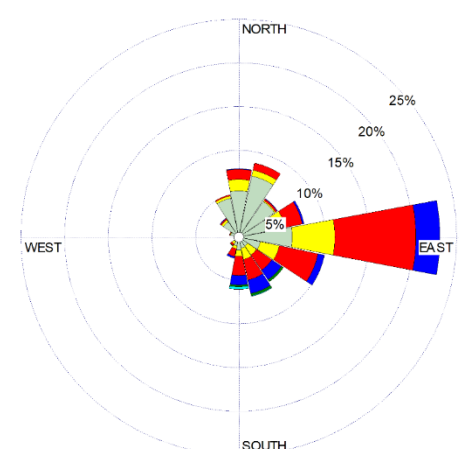
Bach Long Vy 2014



Co To

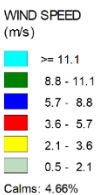


Sam Son



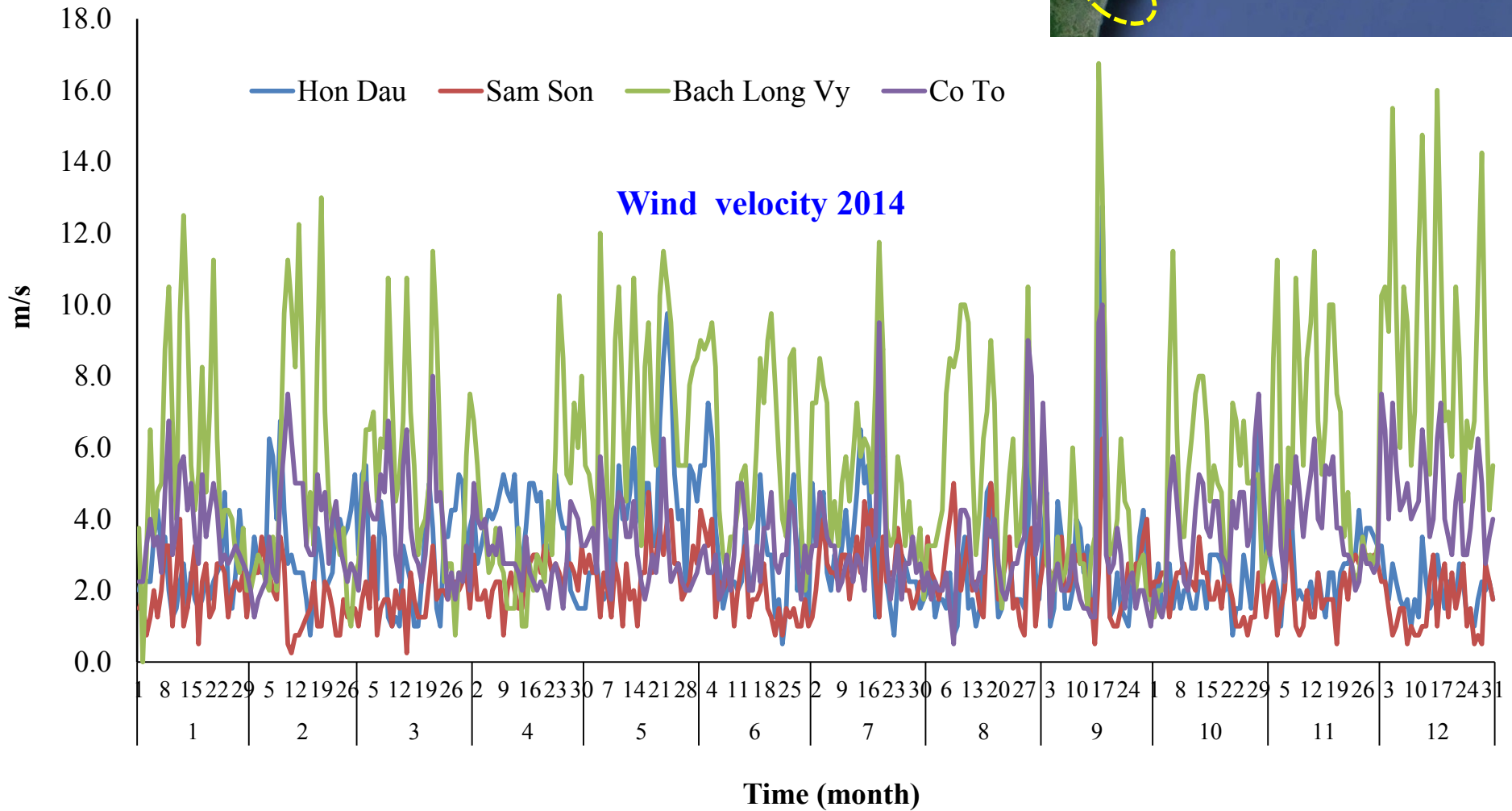
Hon Dau

## Wind rose 2014

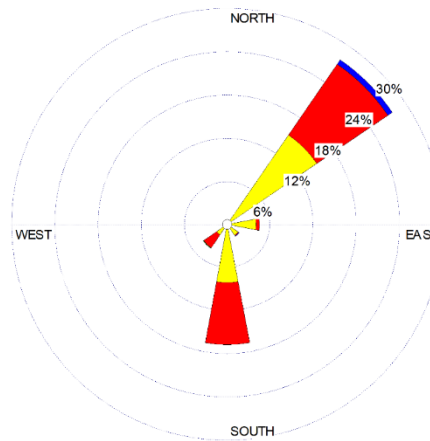
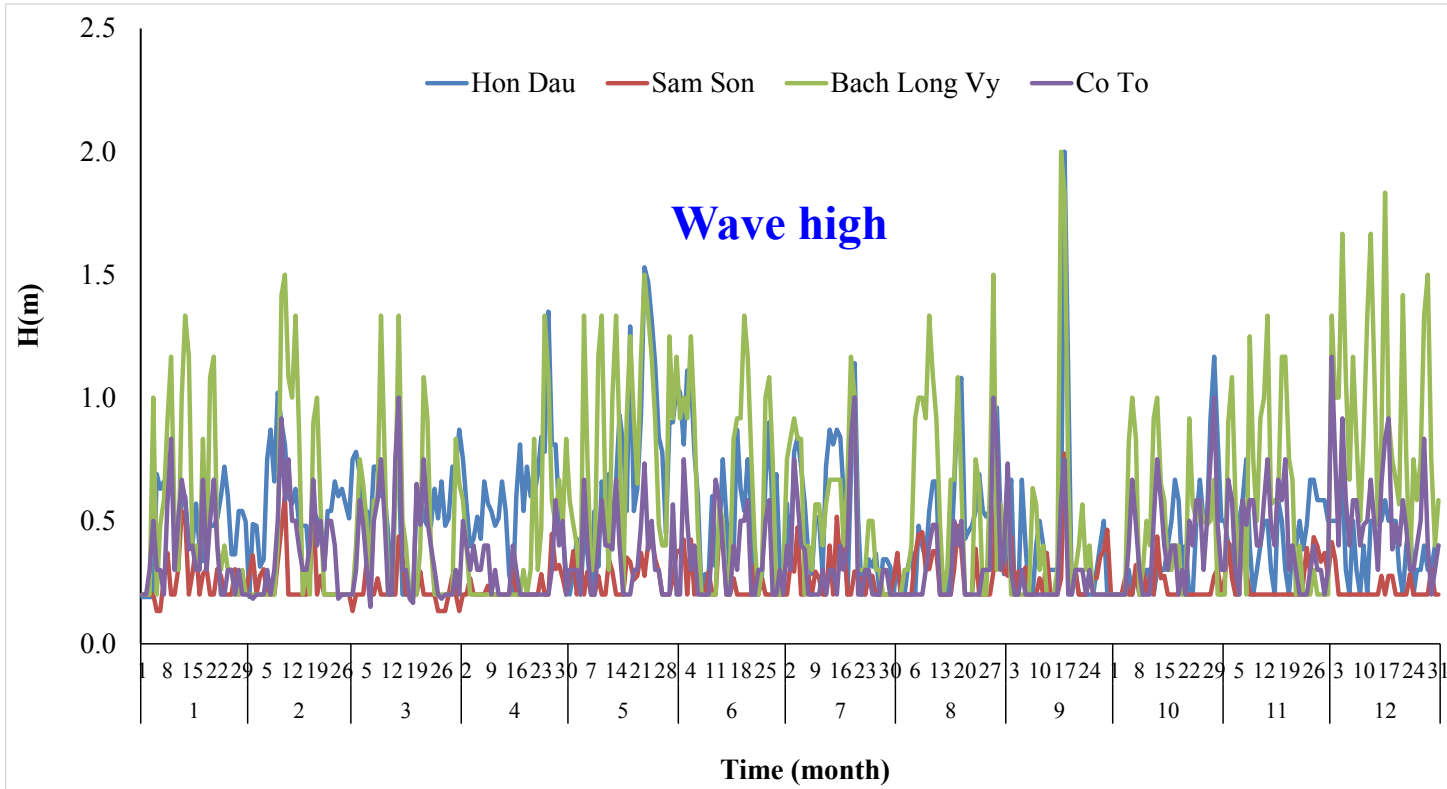




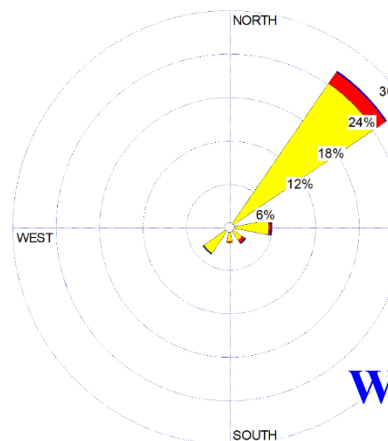
# Variation of wind velocity



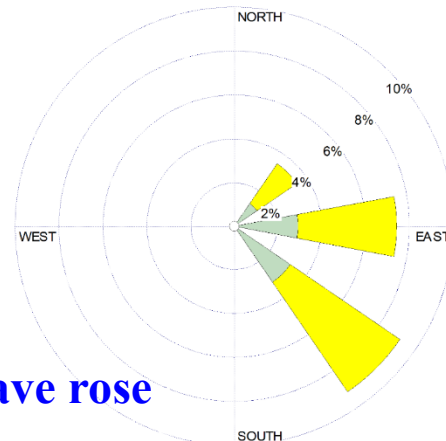
# Wave data in 2014



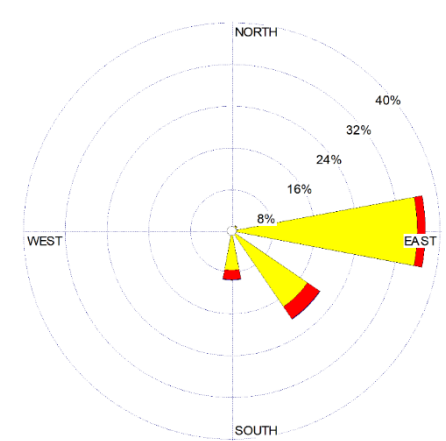
Bach Long Vy 2014



Co To

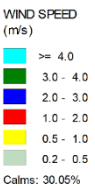


Sam Son



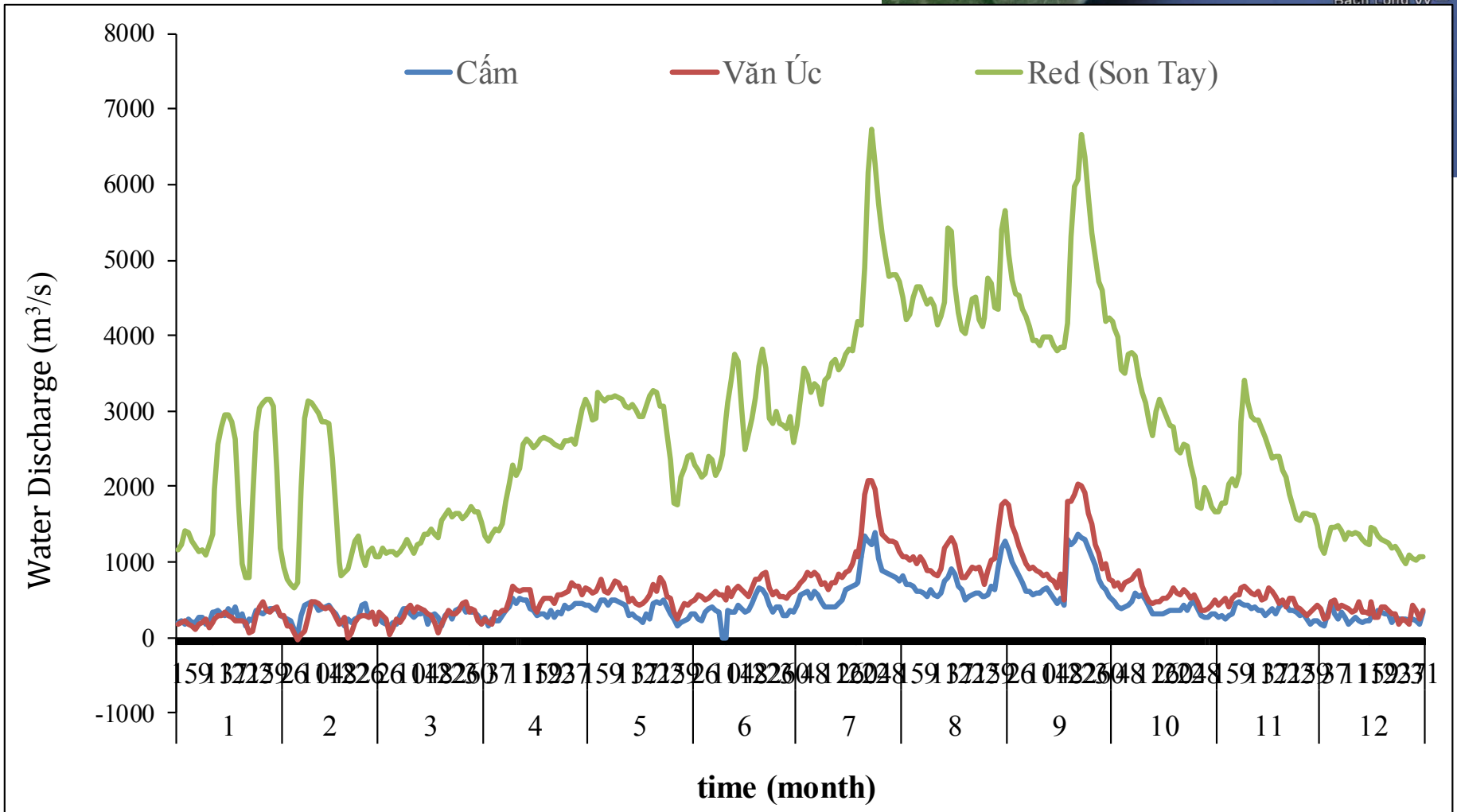
Hon Dau

## Wave rose

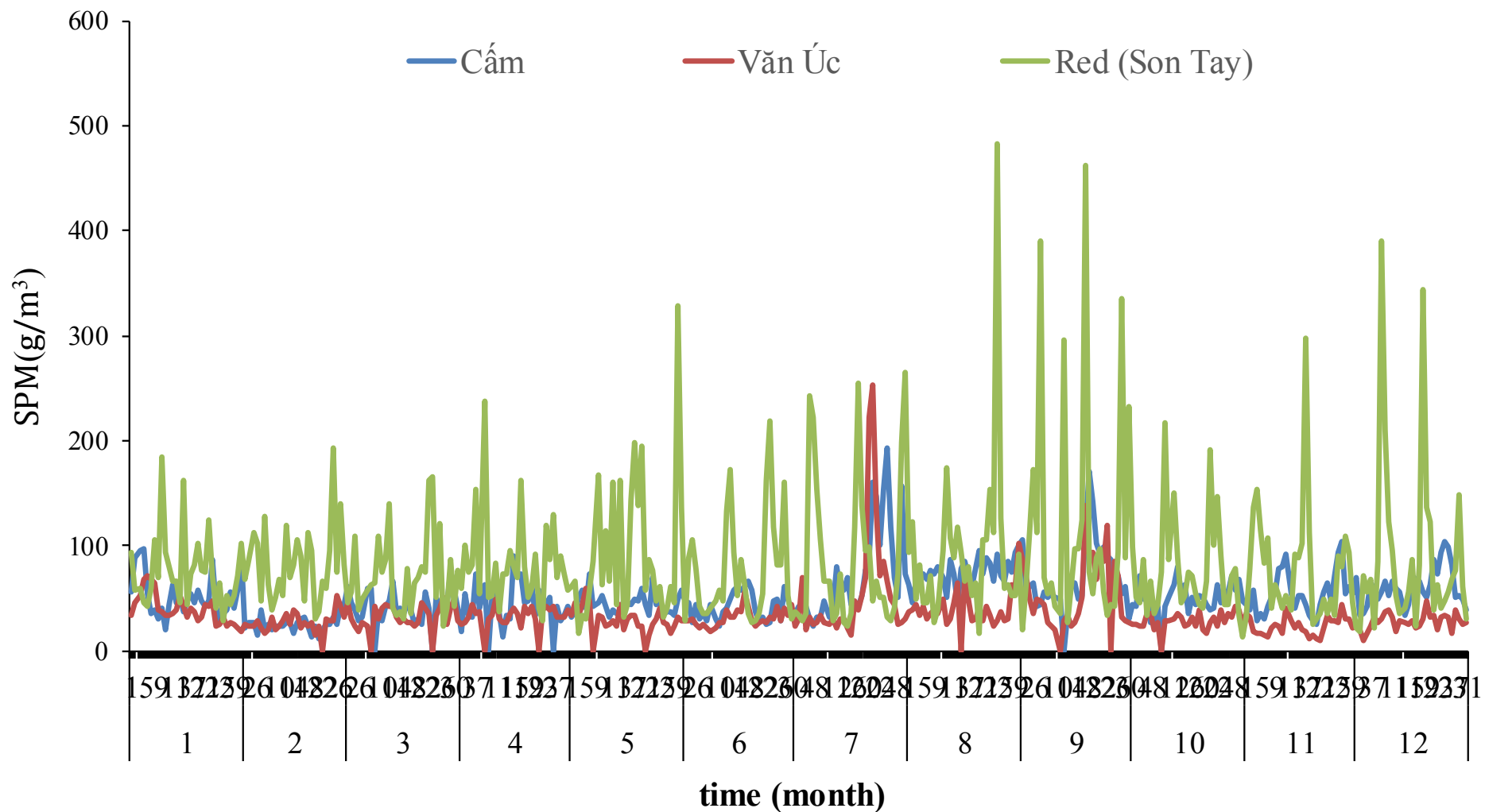




# River water discharge in 2014

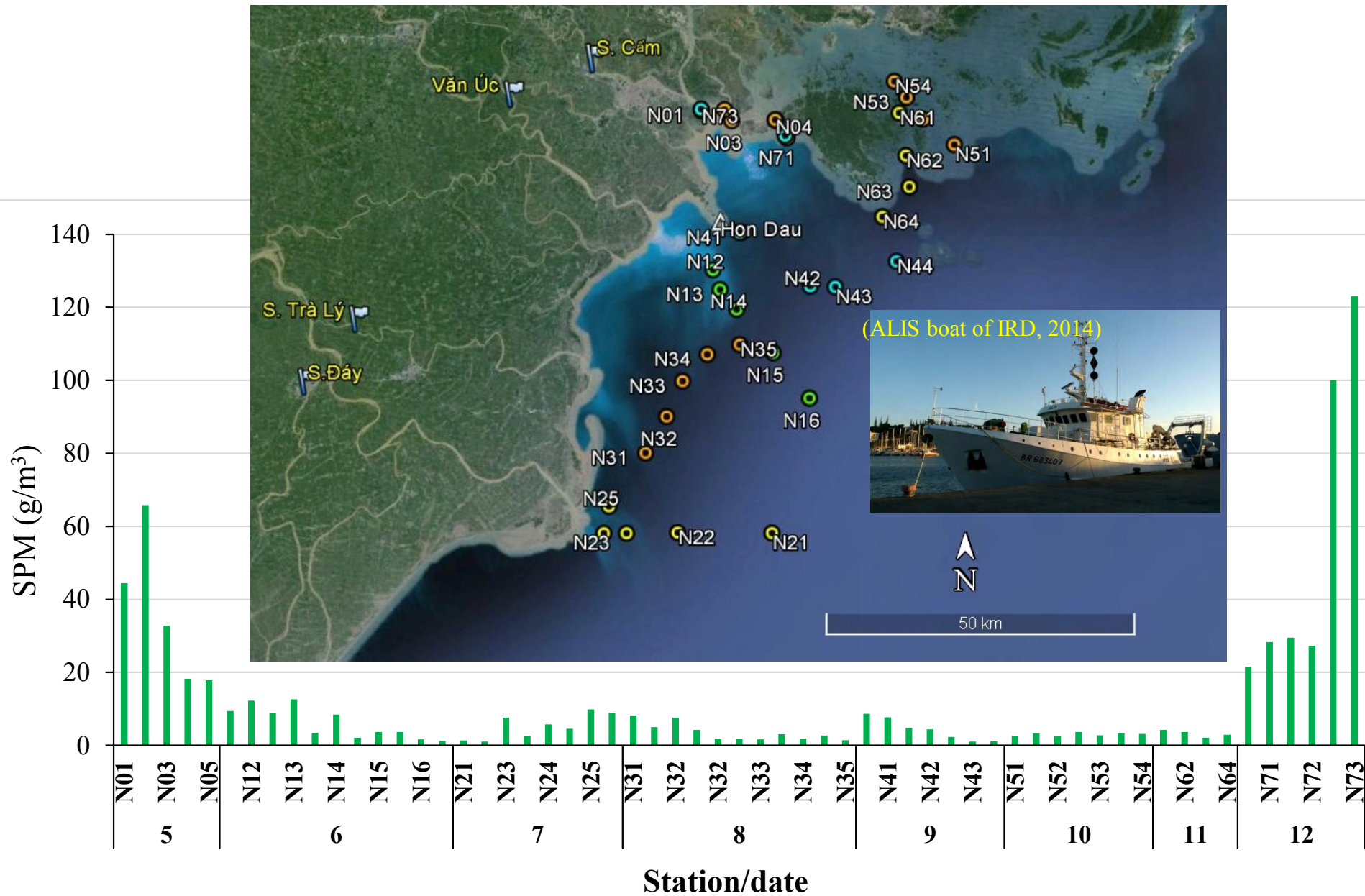


# SPM concentration in the river



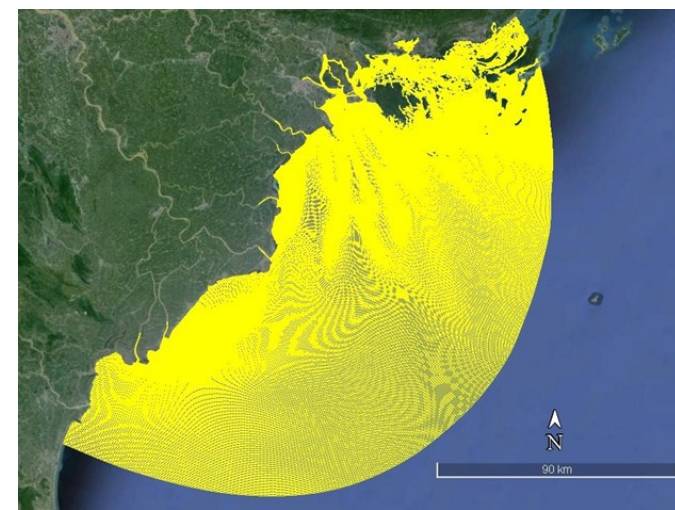


# SPM concentration in the coastal area (ALIS boat: 5-12/7/2014)

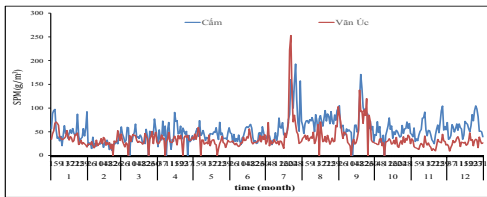
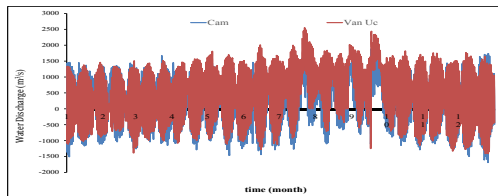


# Model setup

- Orthogonal curvilinear grid
- $(m,n)=608 \times 605$ ,  $\Delta_{xy}=9.3-1800.39m$
- wet/dry scheme
- $\sigma$  coordinate system in vertical: 5 layers
- Coupling online: hydrodynamics-wave- sediment

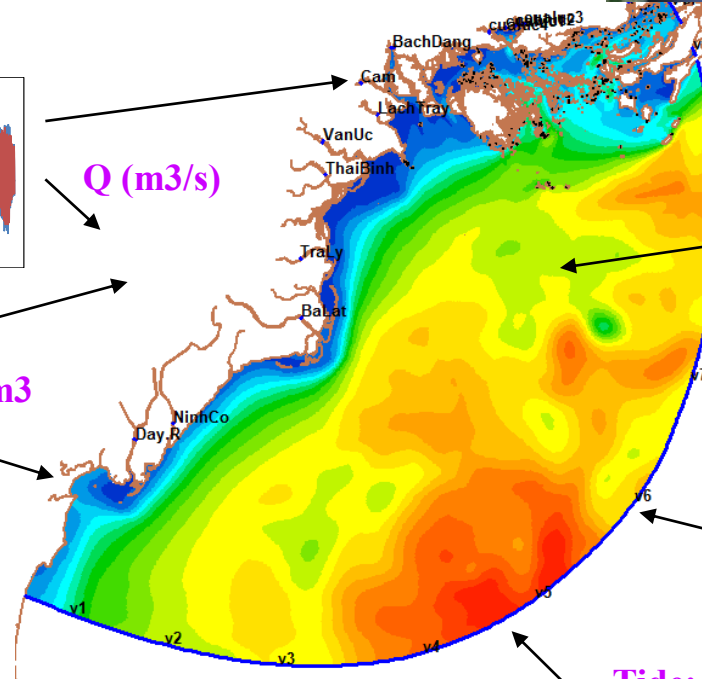


## River boundary condition:

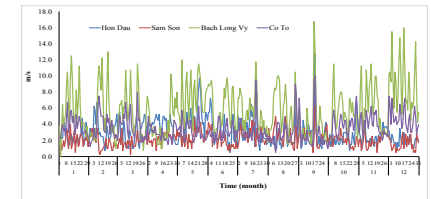


$Q$  (m<sup>3</sup>/s)

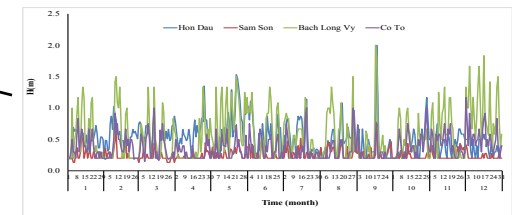
$C$  (g/m<sup>3</sup>)



Wind: time serial in 2014



Wave: time serial in 2014



Tide: fes2004

Salinity, Temperature: WOA13

## Scenarios:

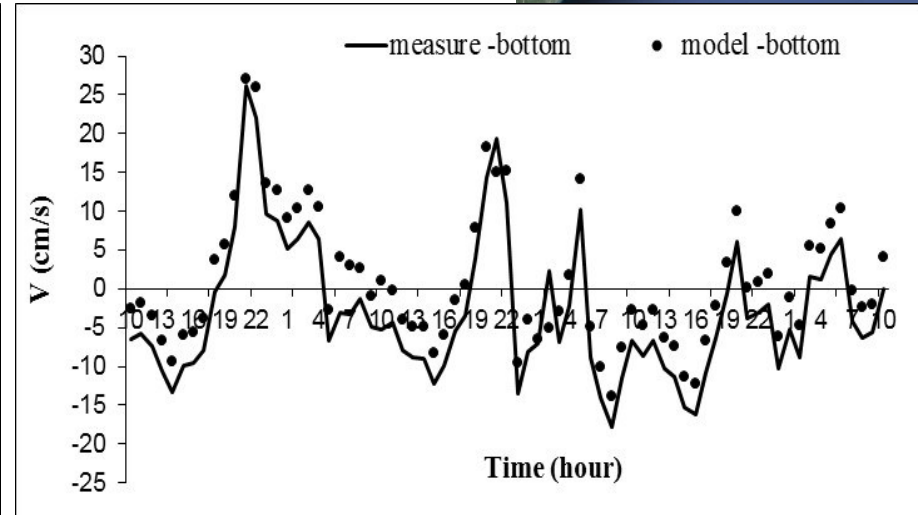
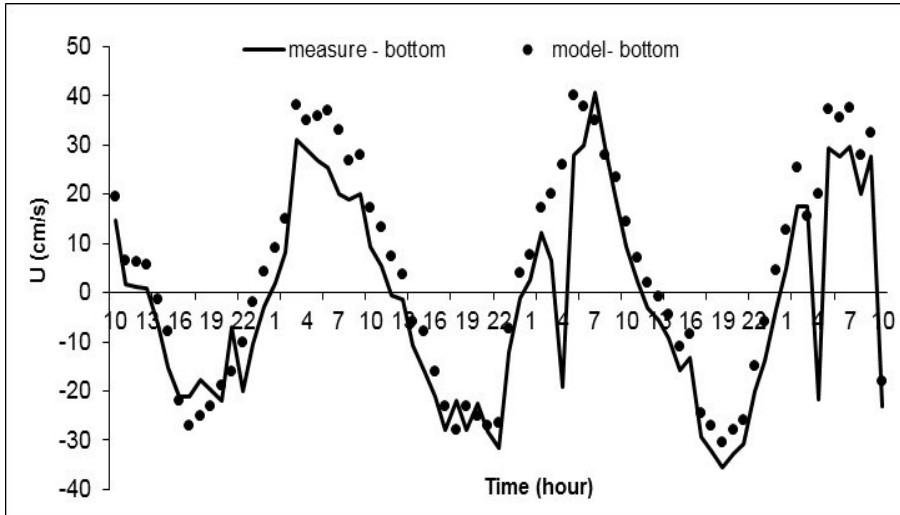
- Jun., Sep., Dec. : validation with satellite image
- July 2014: validation data from the ALIS boat
- May, Sep., 2015: validation with VIETNAMINS data (ongoing)



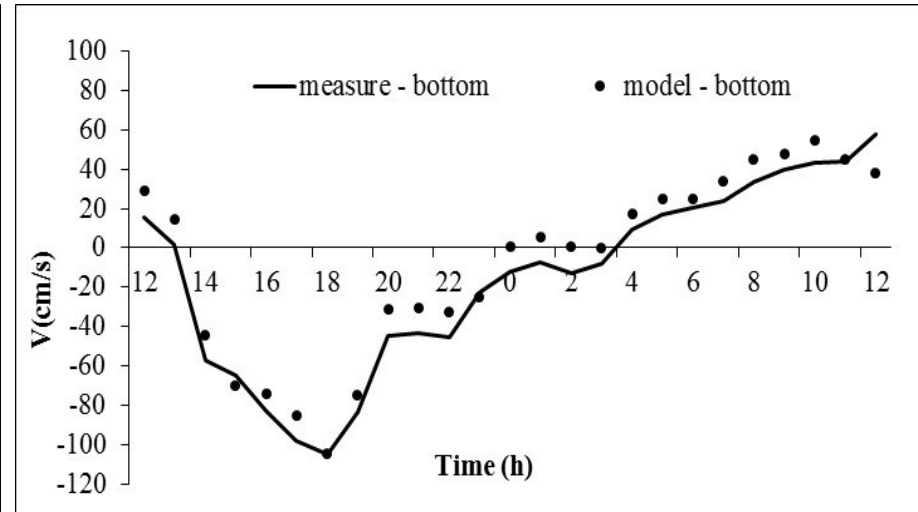
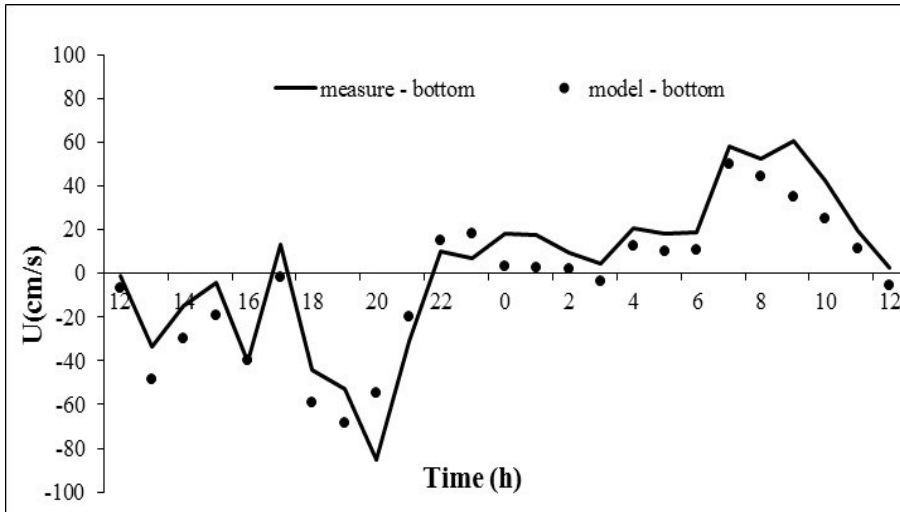
# Model validation with measured current data

$R = 0.87-0.92$ ,  $E = 76-84\%$

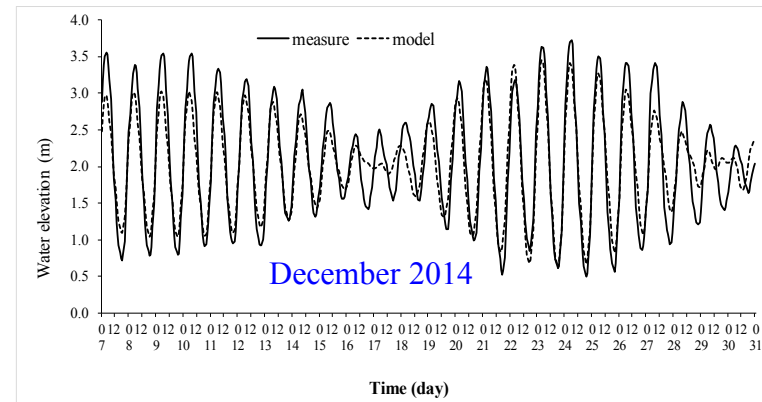
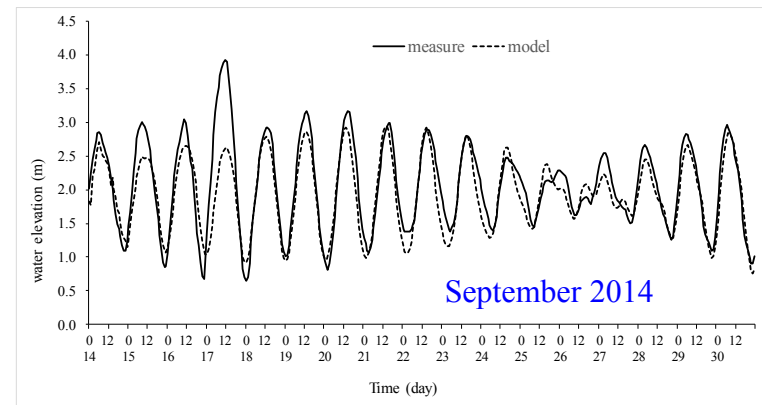
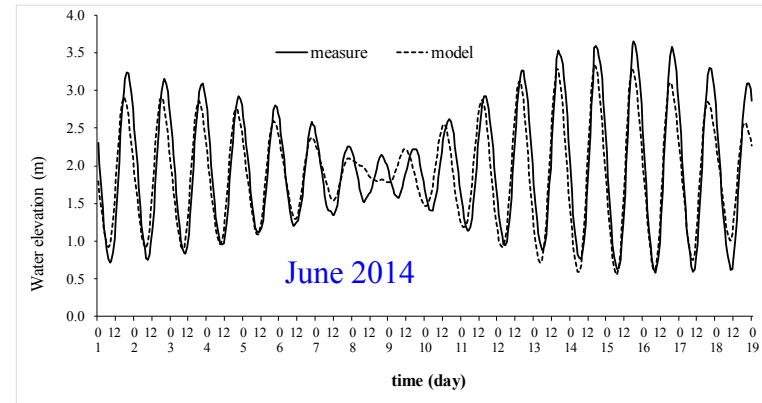
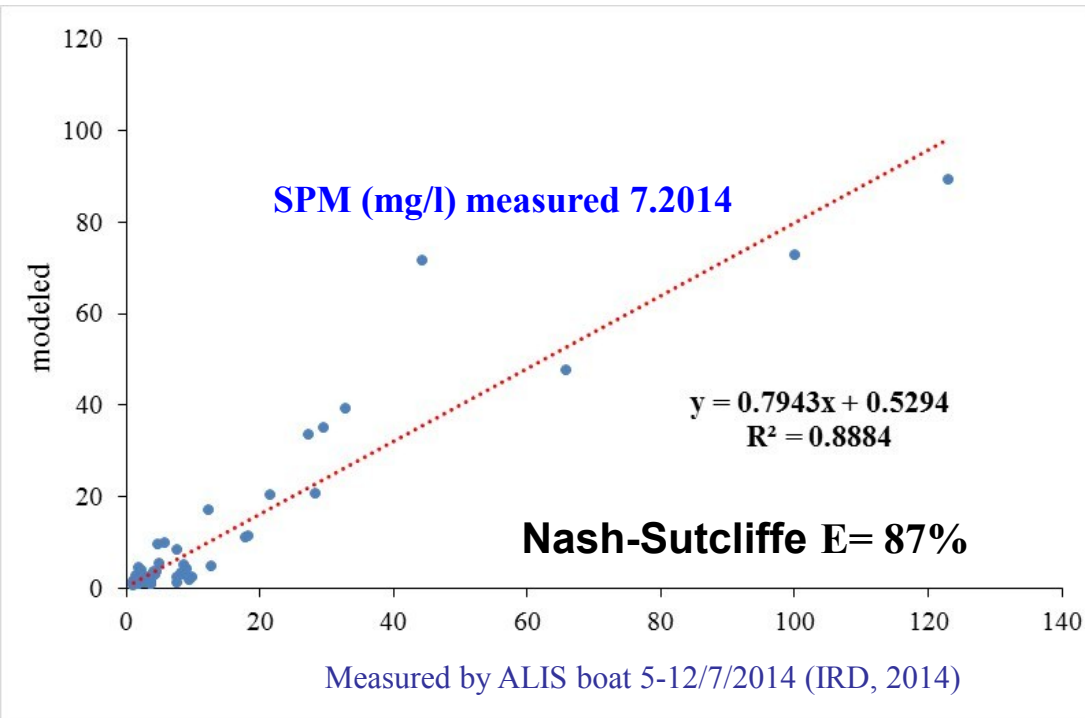
Nam Trieu



Ba Lat



# Model validation with measured data

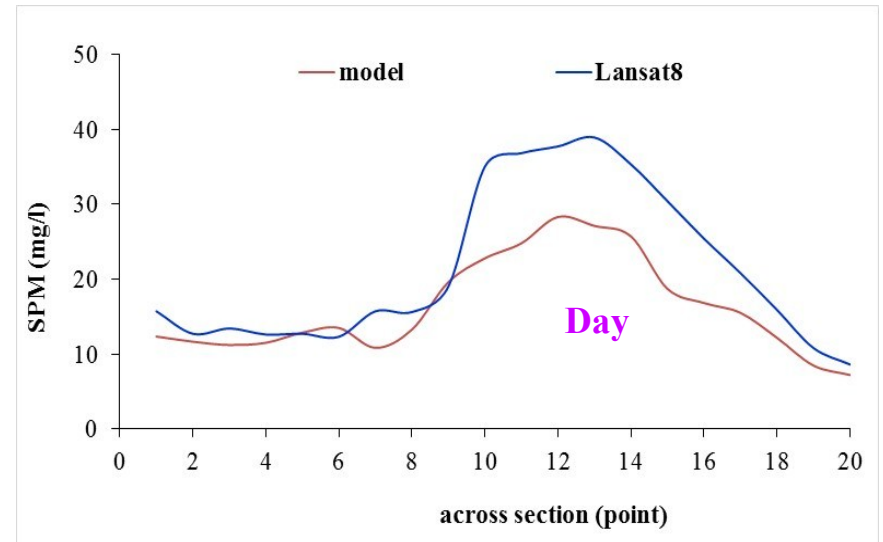
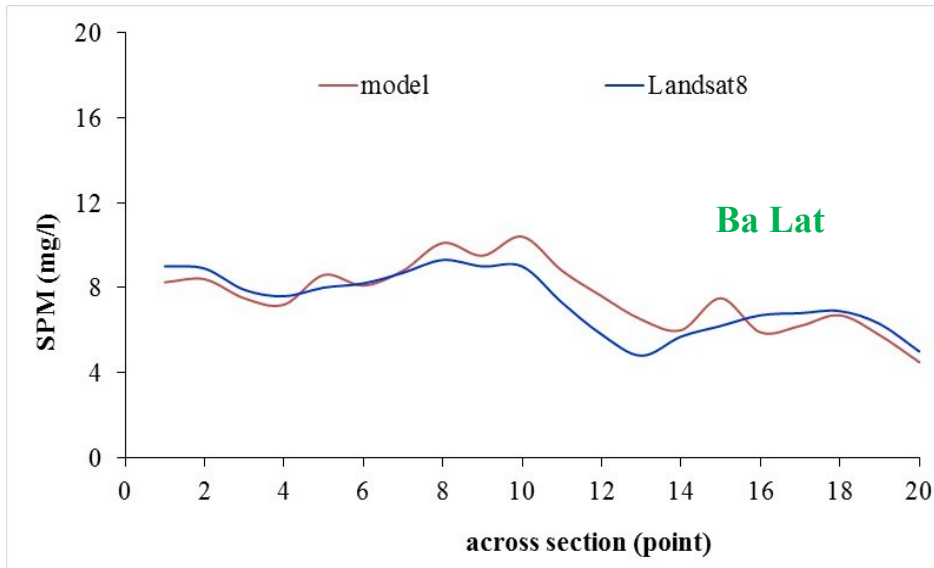
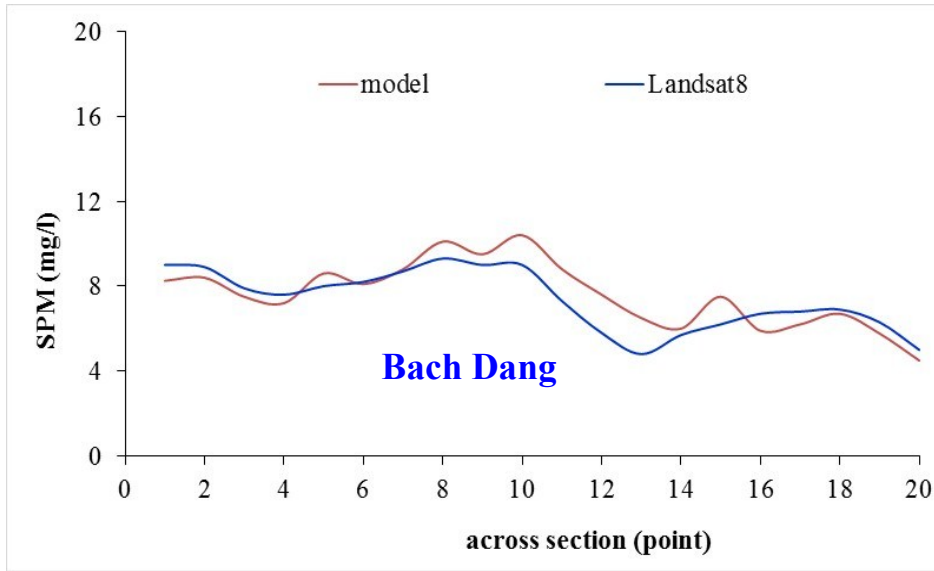
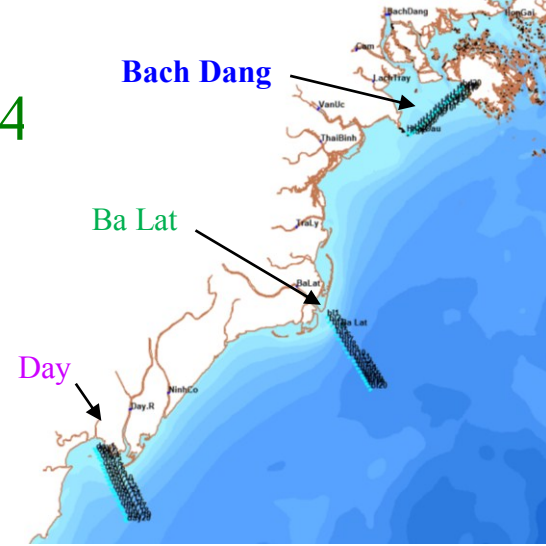


**R= 0.9-0.94, E= 77-82%**

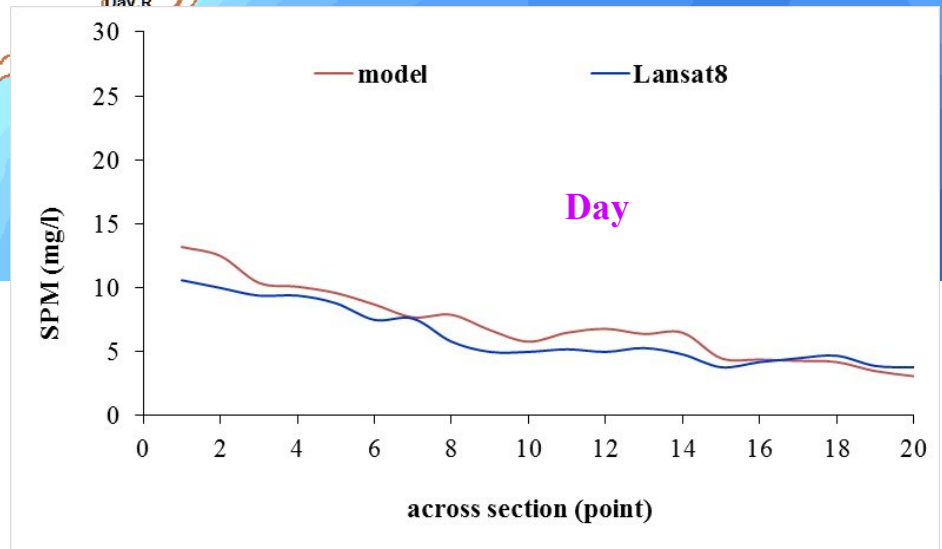
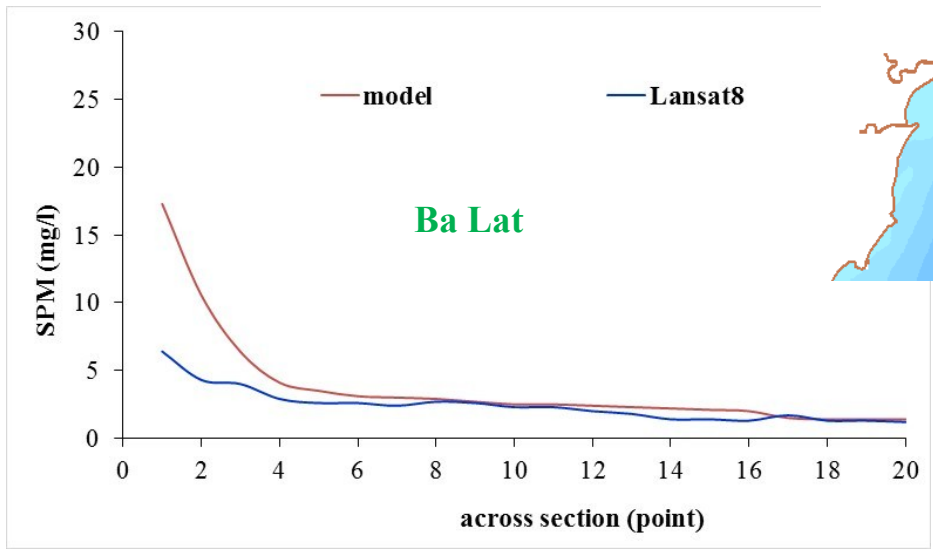
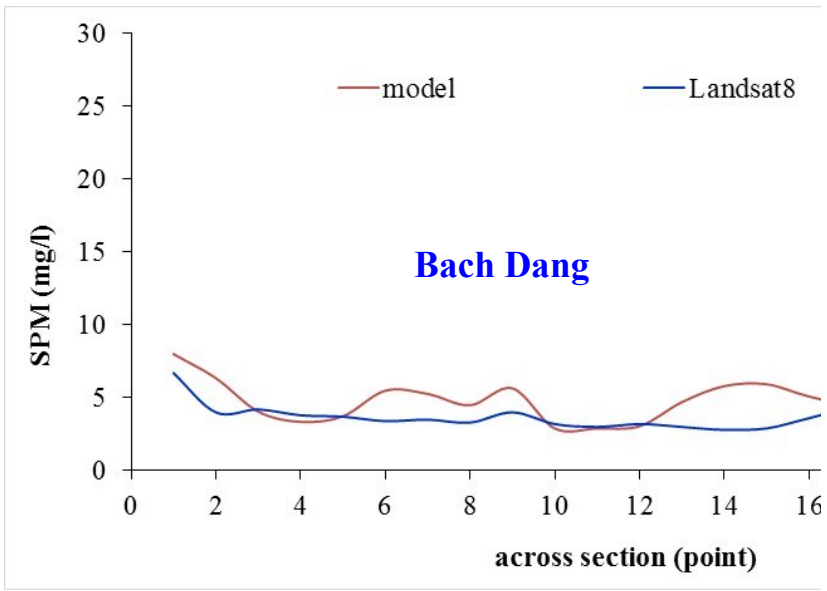
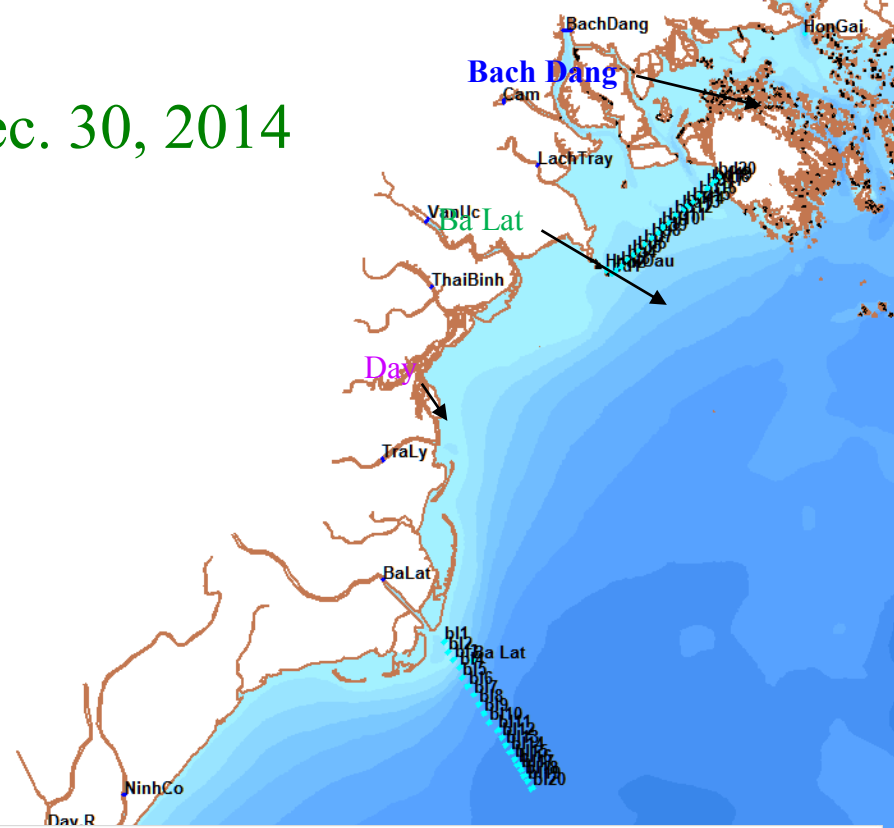




# Model validation with Landsat8 data: Sep. 25, 2014

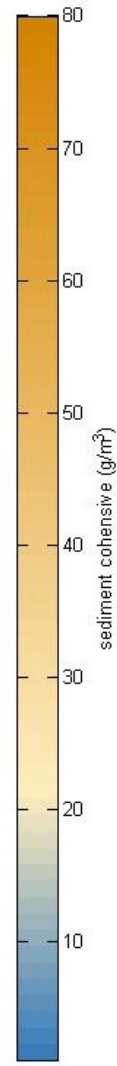
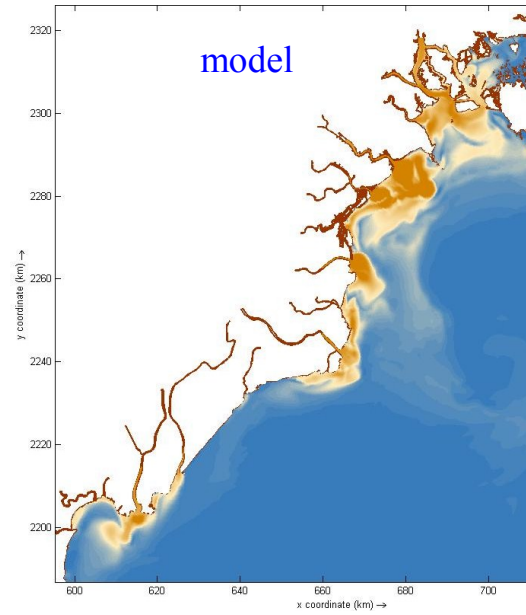
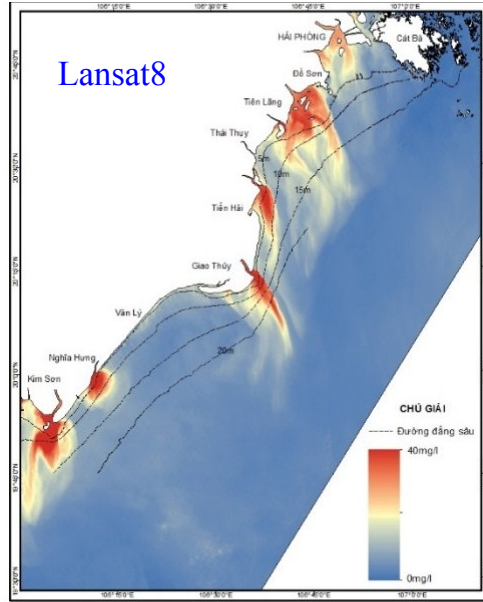


# Model validation with Landsat8: Dec. 30, 2014

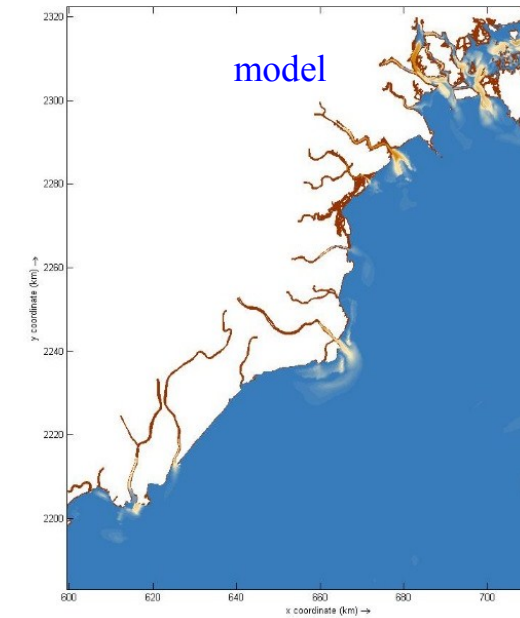
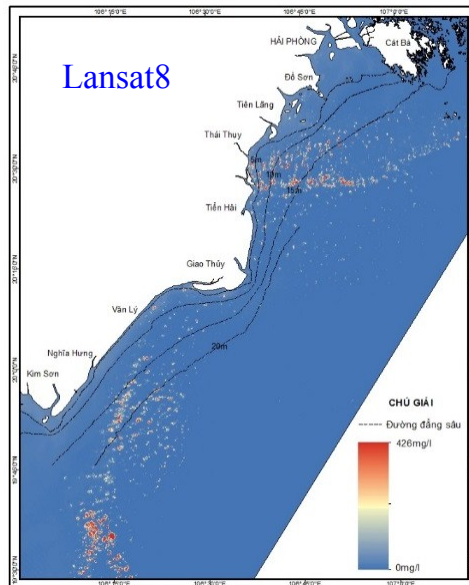


# Model validation with Landsat8

September 25, 2014



December 30, 2014

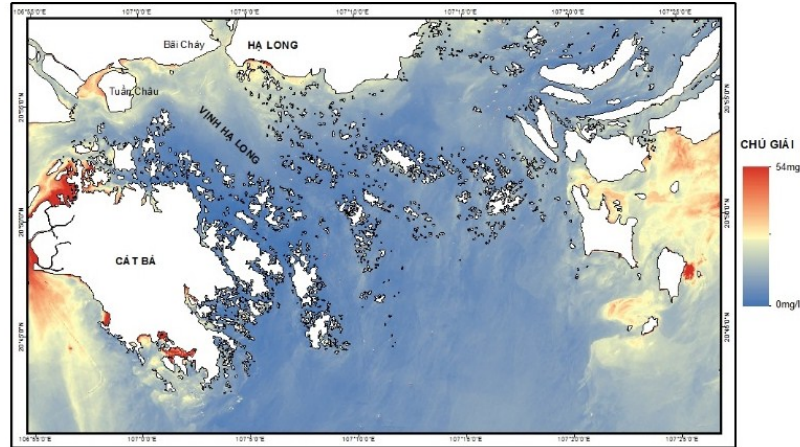


(Thao et al., 2015)

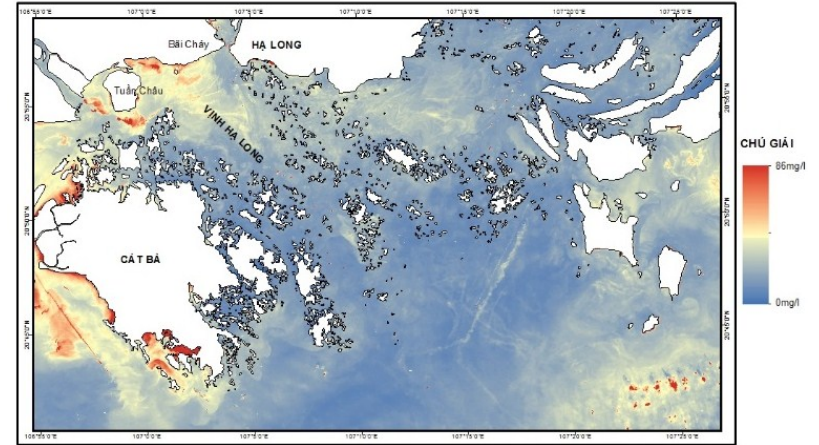


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September 25, 2014

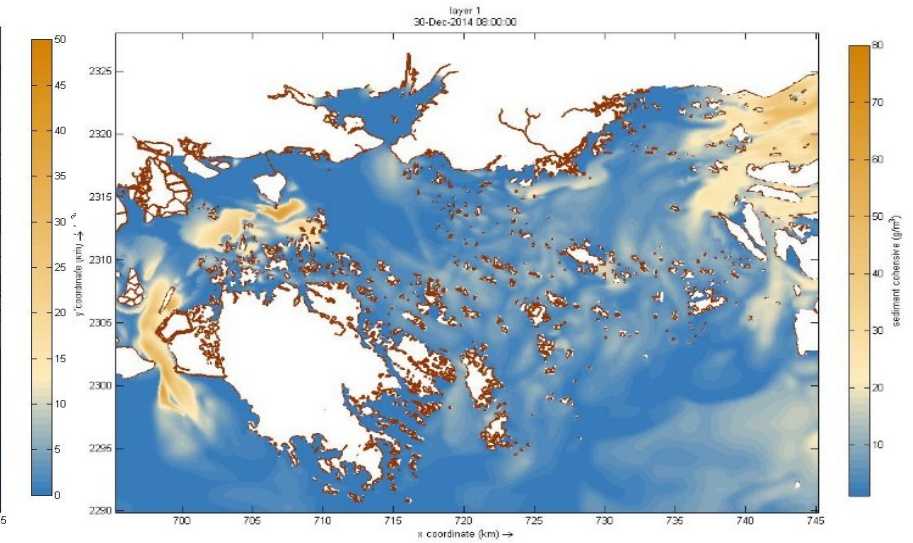
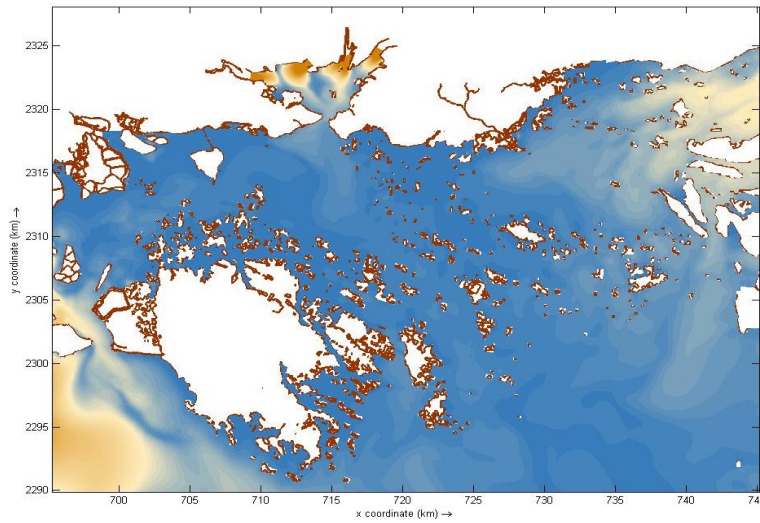


December 30, 2014



(Thao et al., 2015)

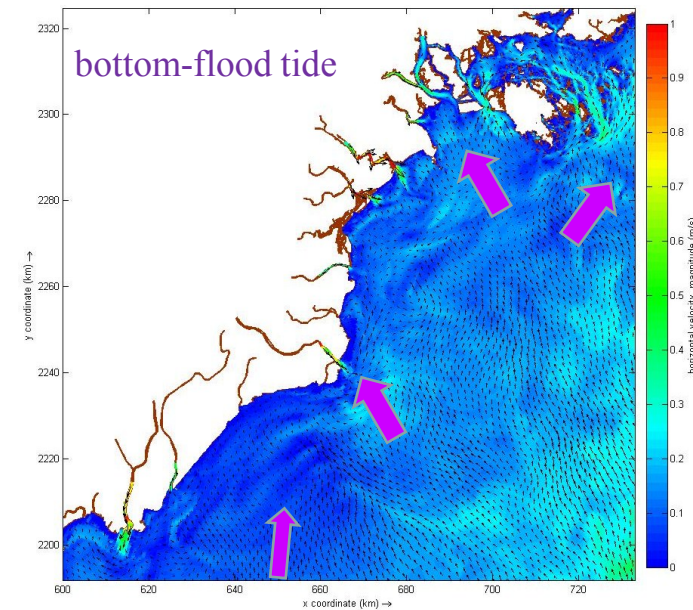
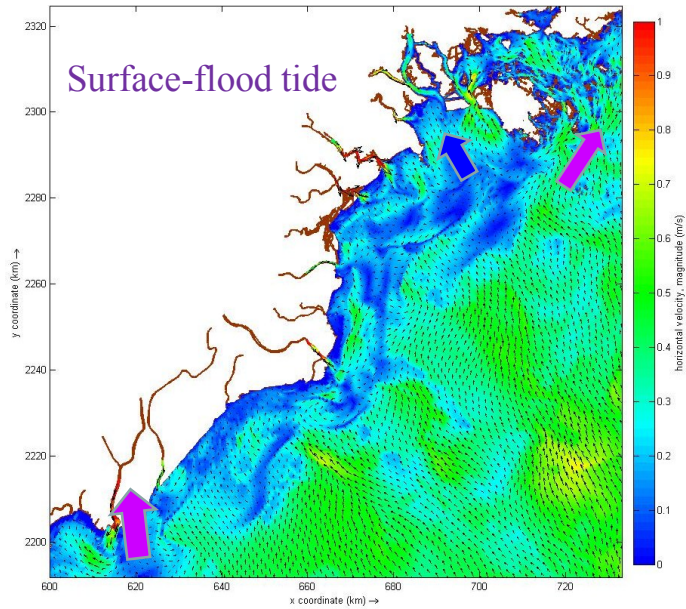
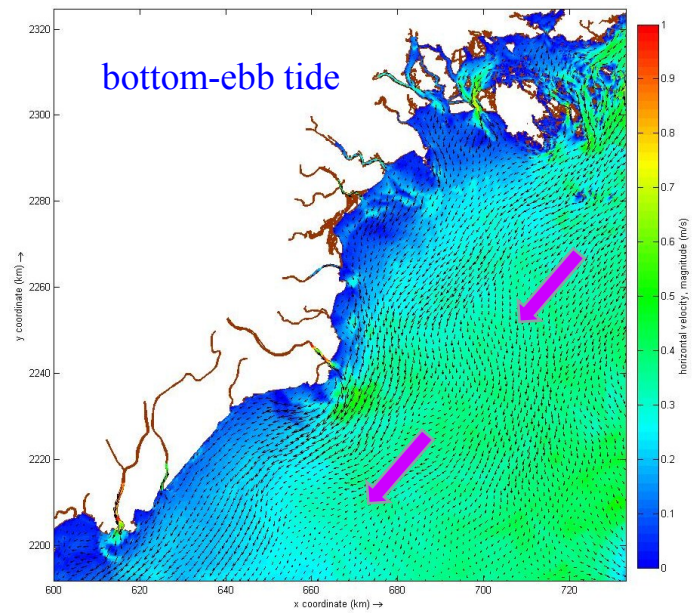
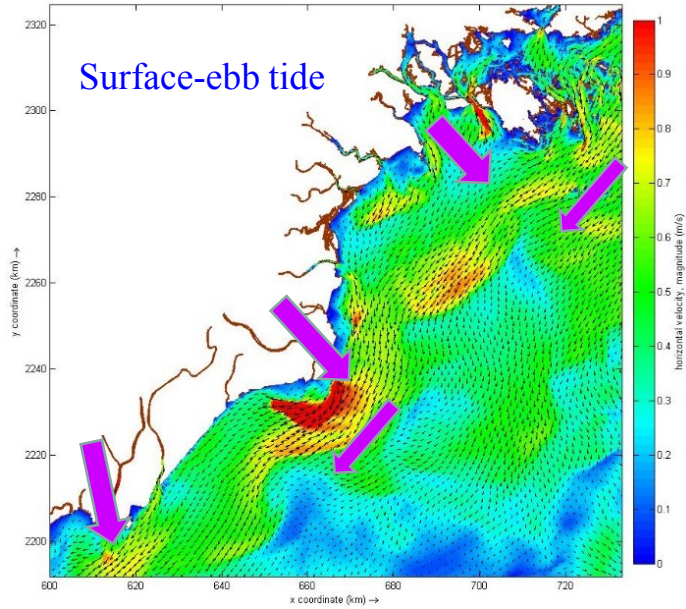
Landsat8



model

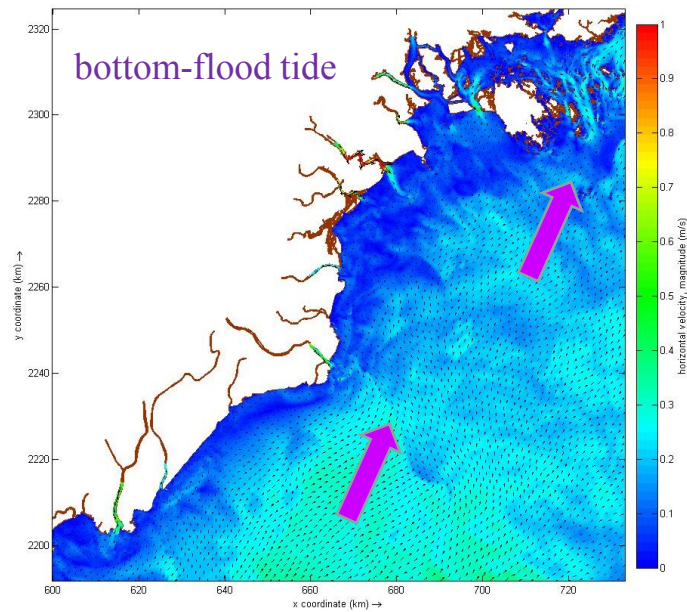
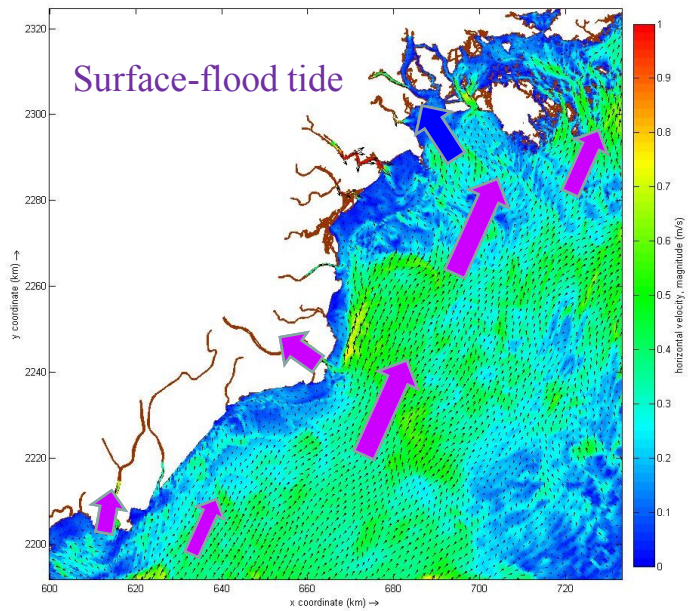
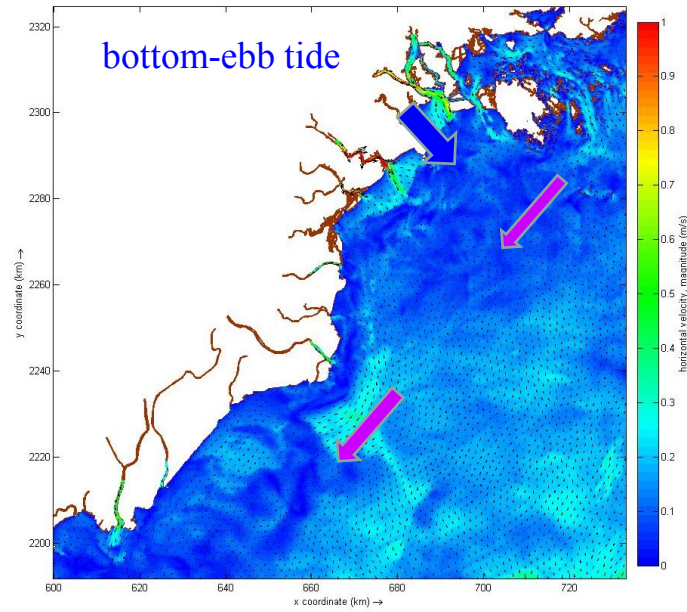
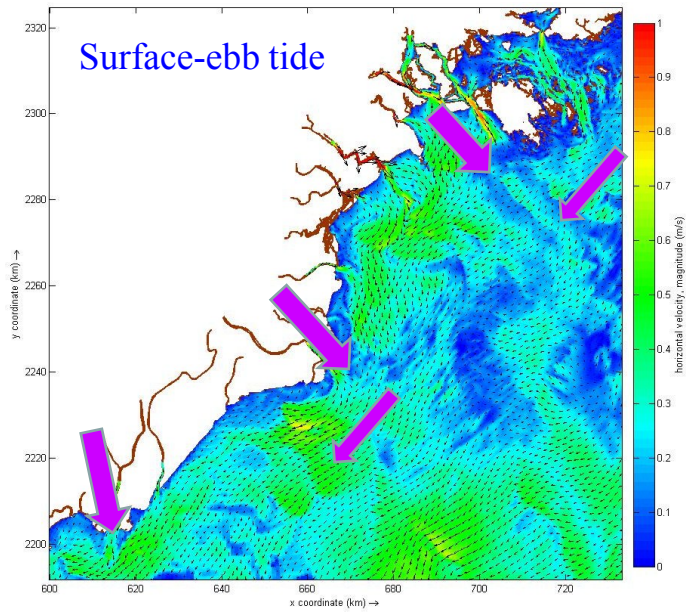


# Results- spatial field current, July 2014



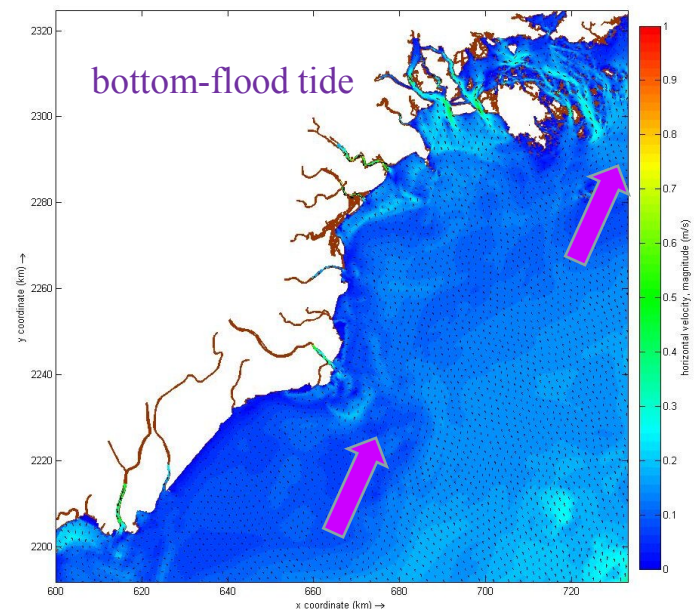
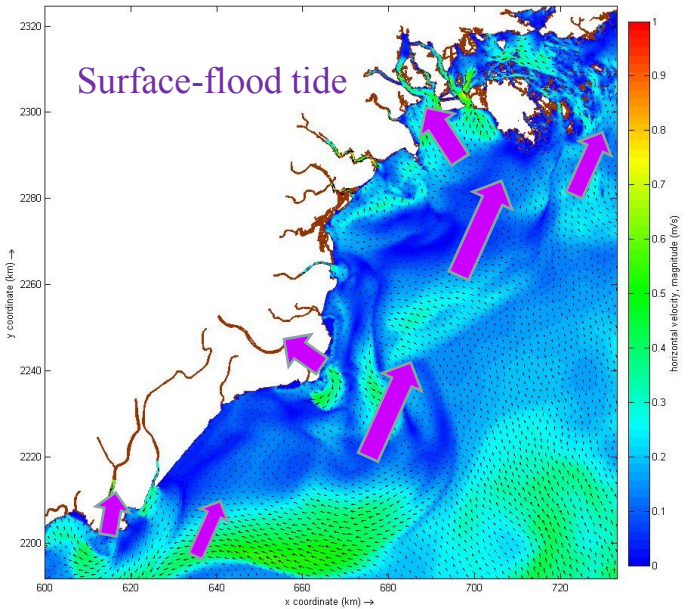
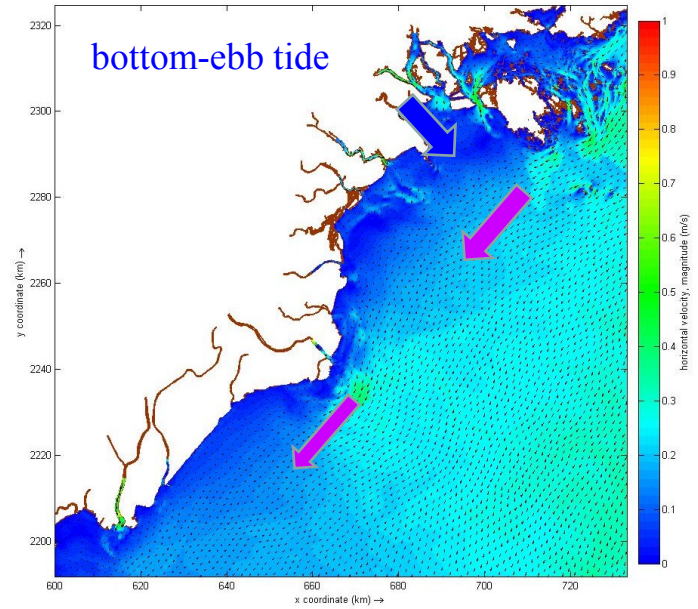
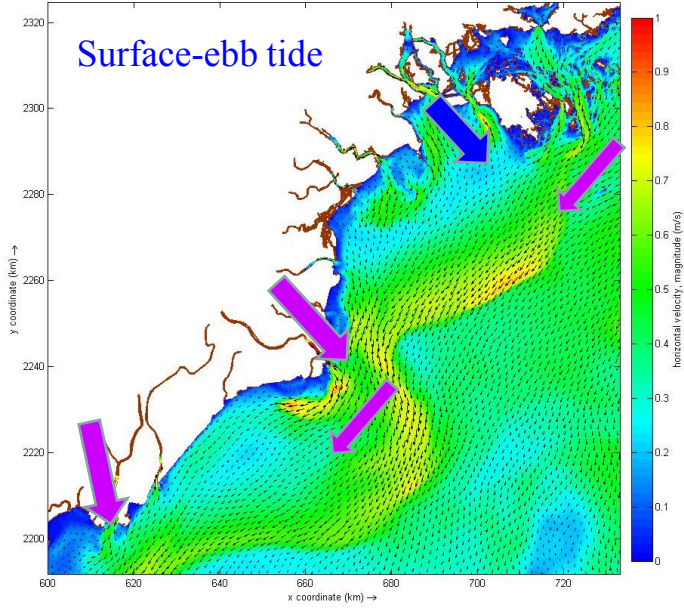


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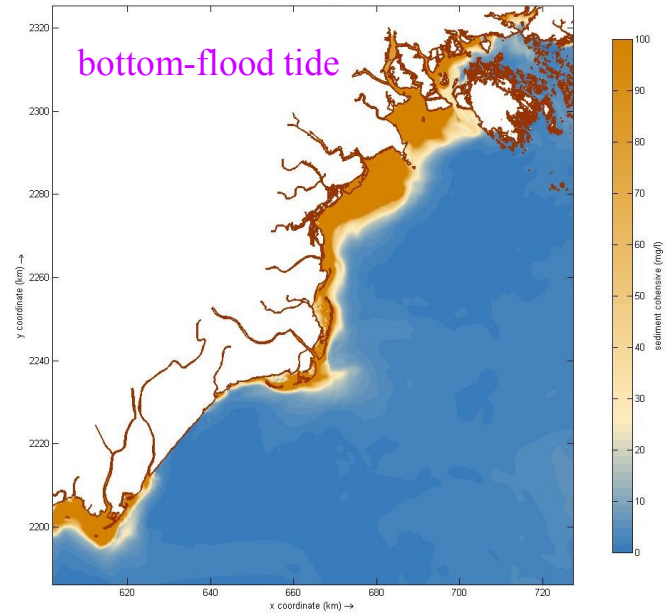
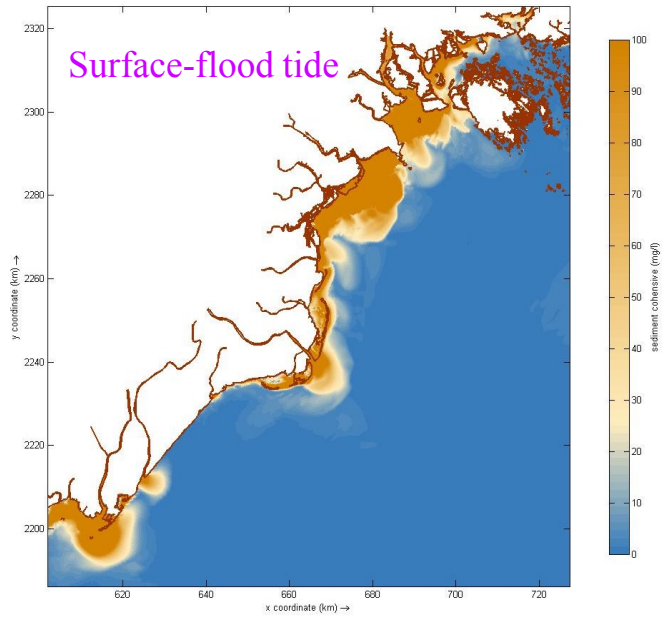
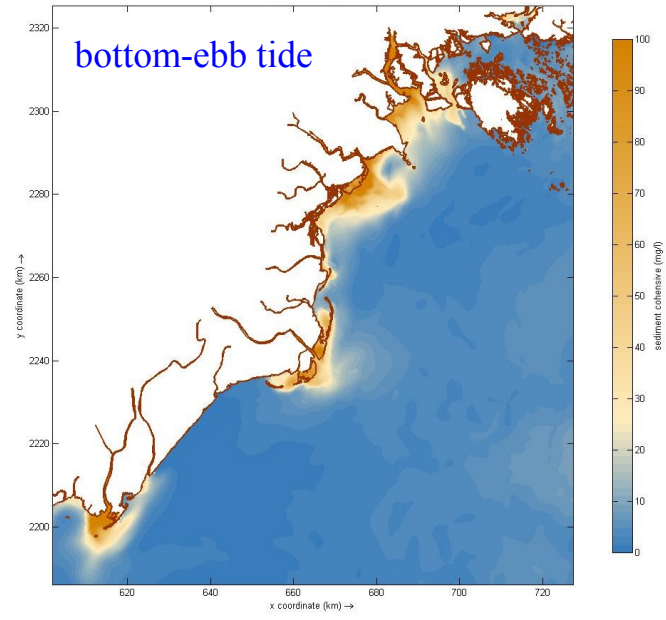
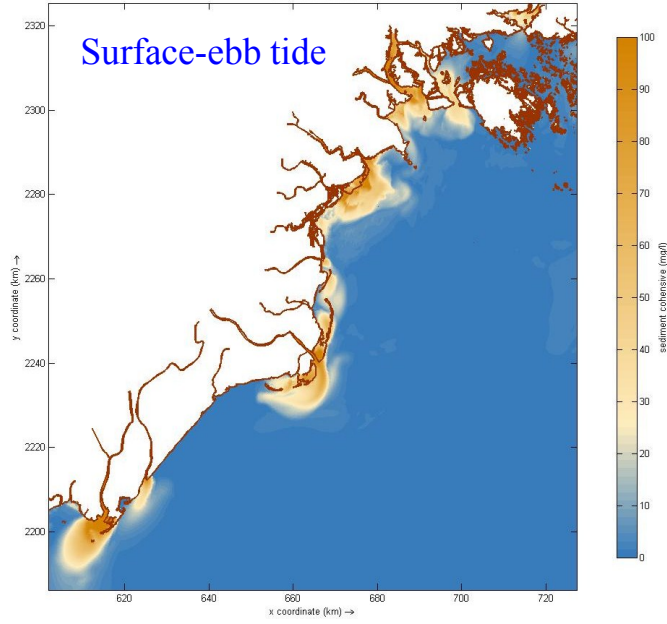




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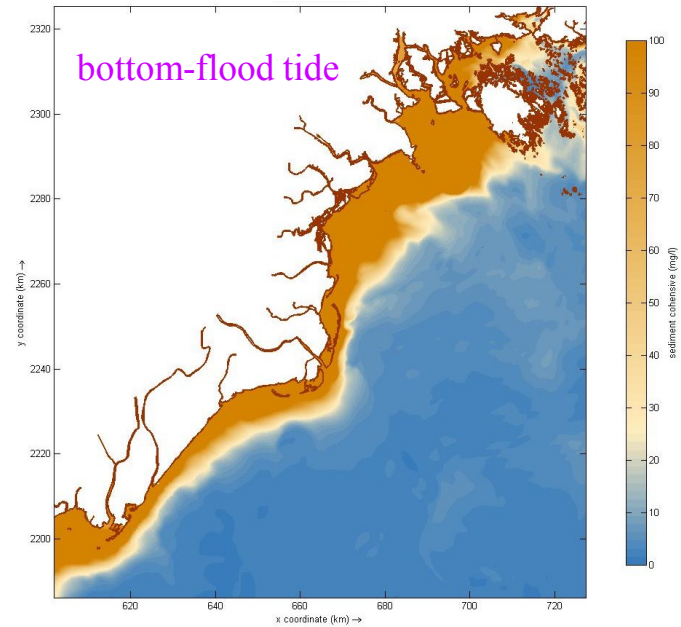
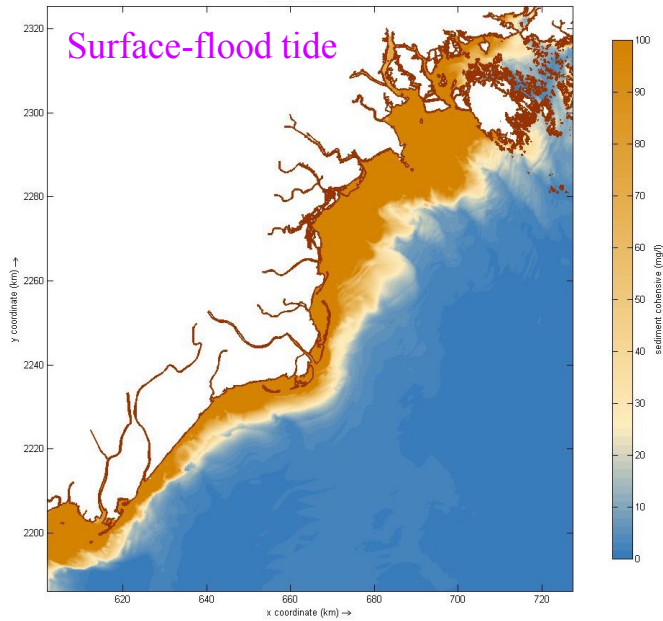
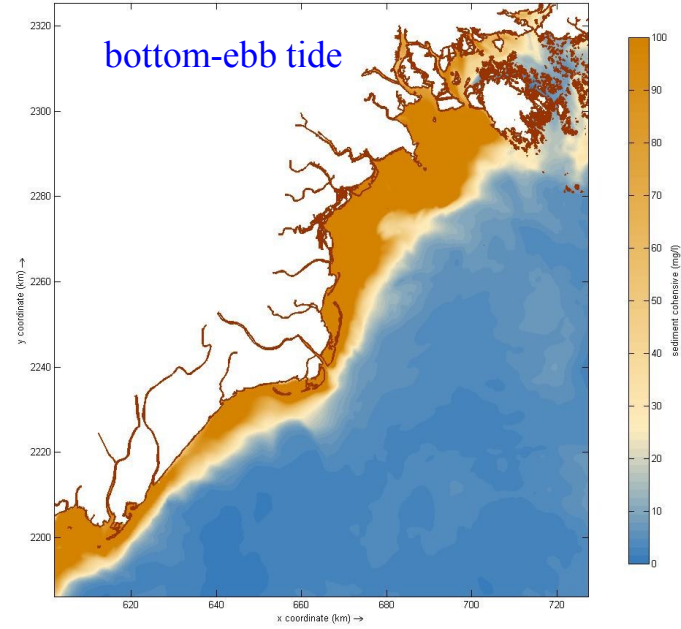
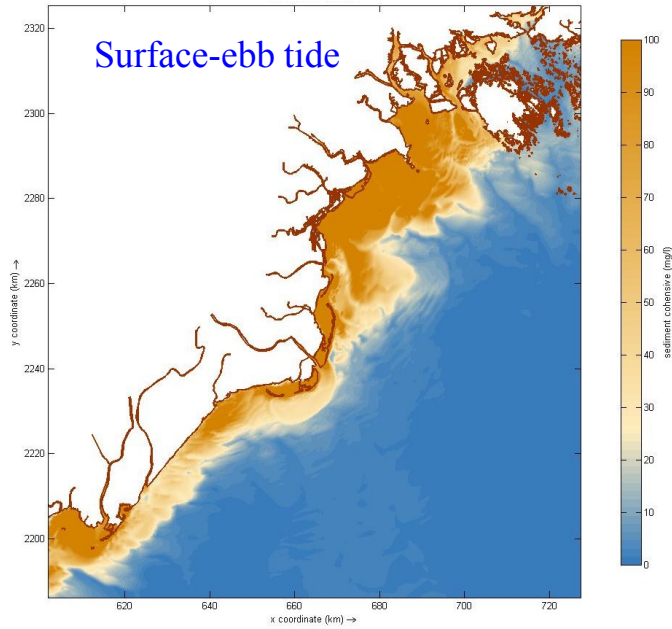


# Spatial suspended sediment, July 2014



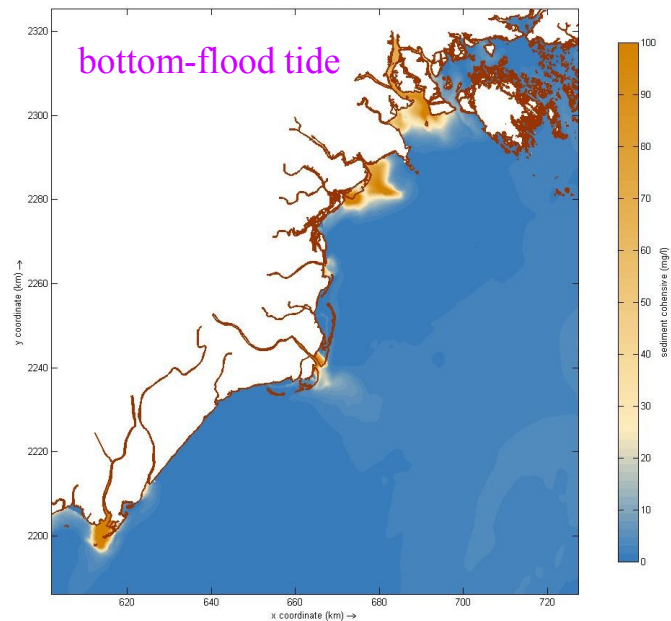
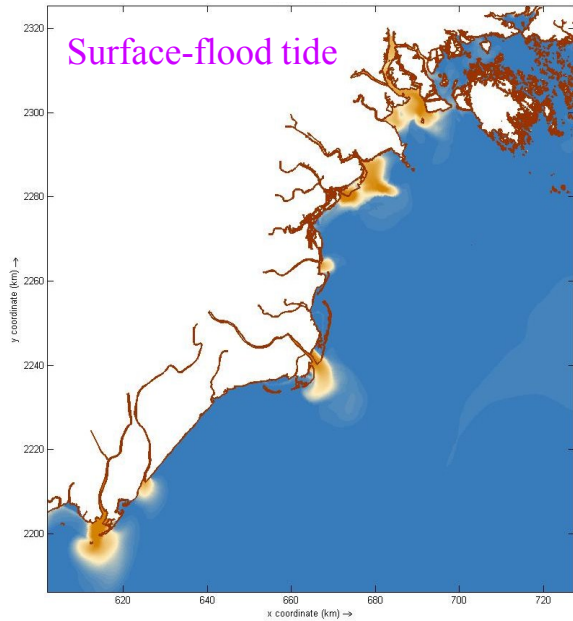
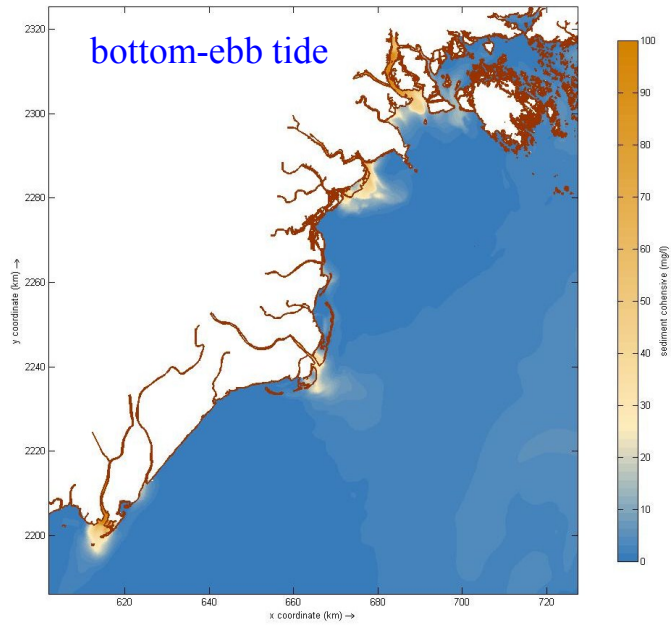
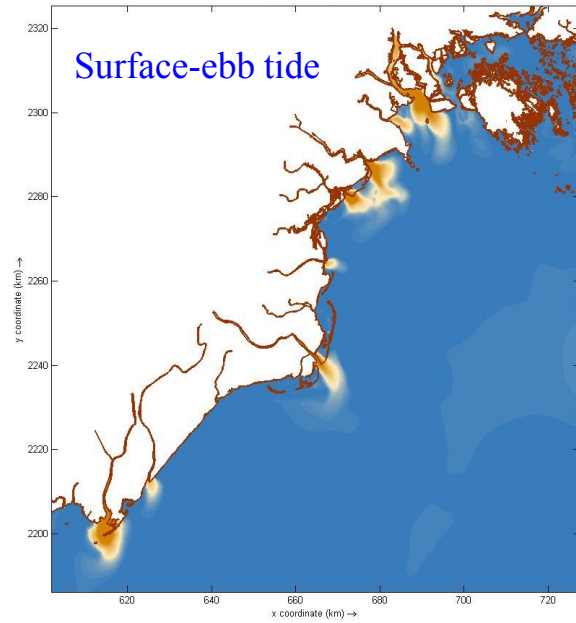


# Spatial suspended sediment, September 2014



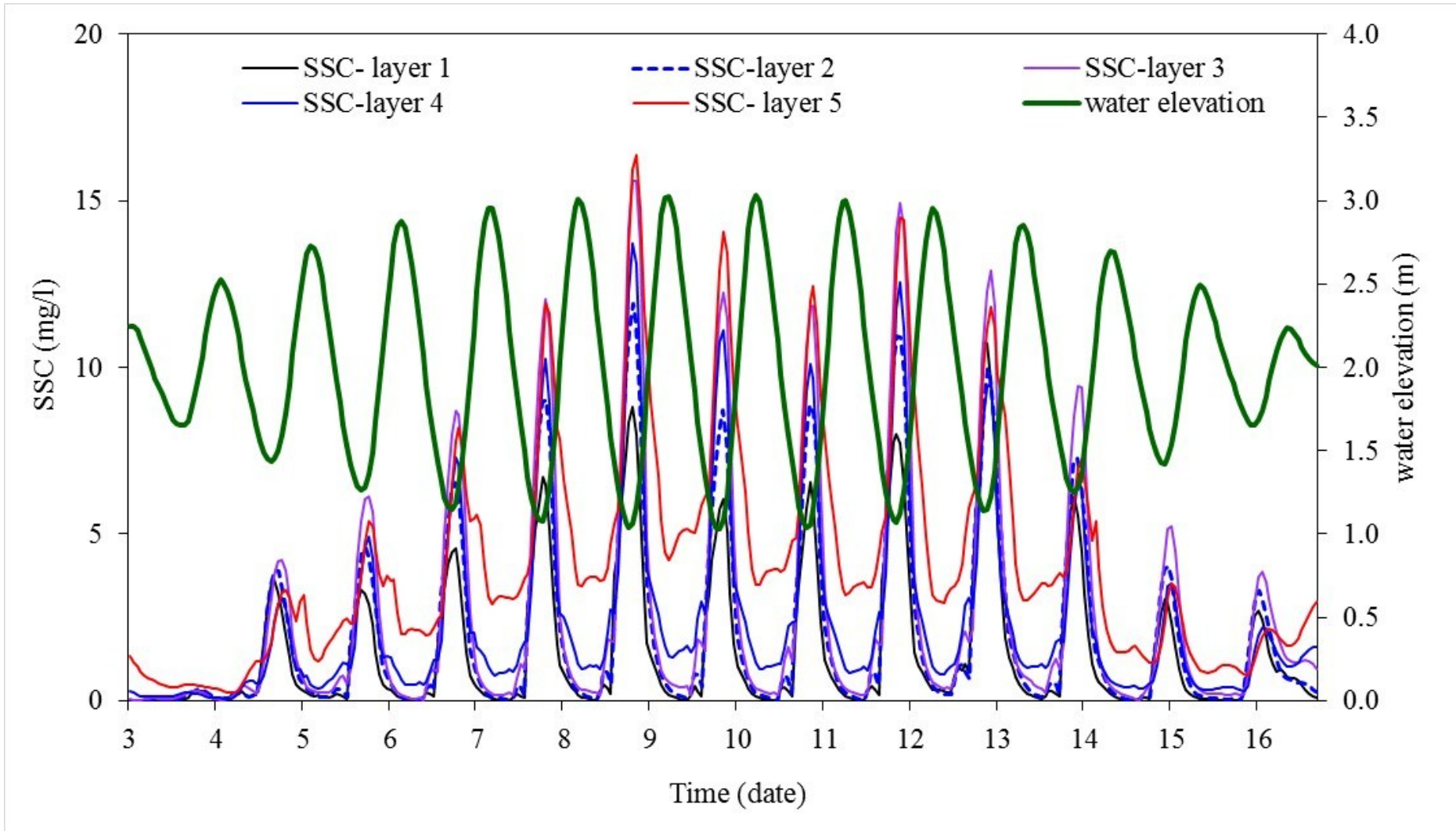
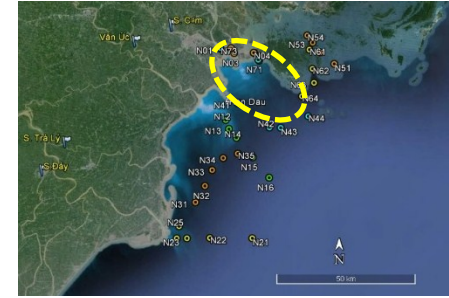


# Spatial suspended sediment, December 2014



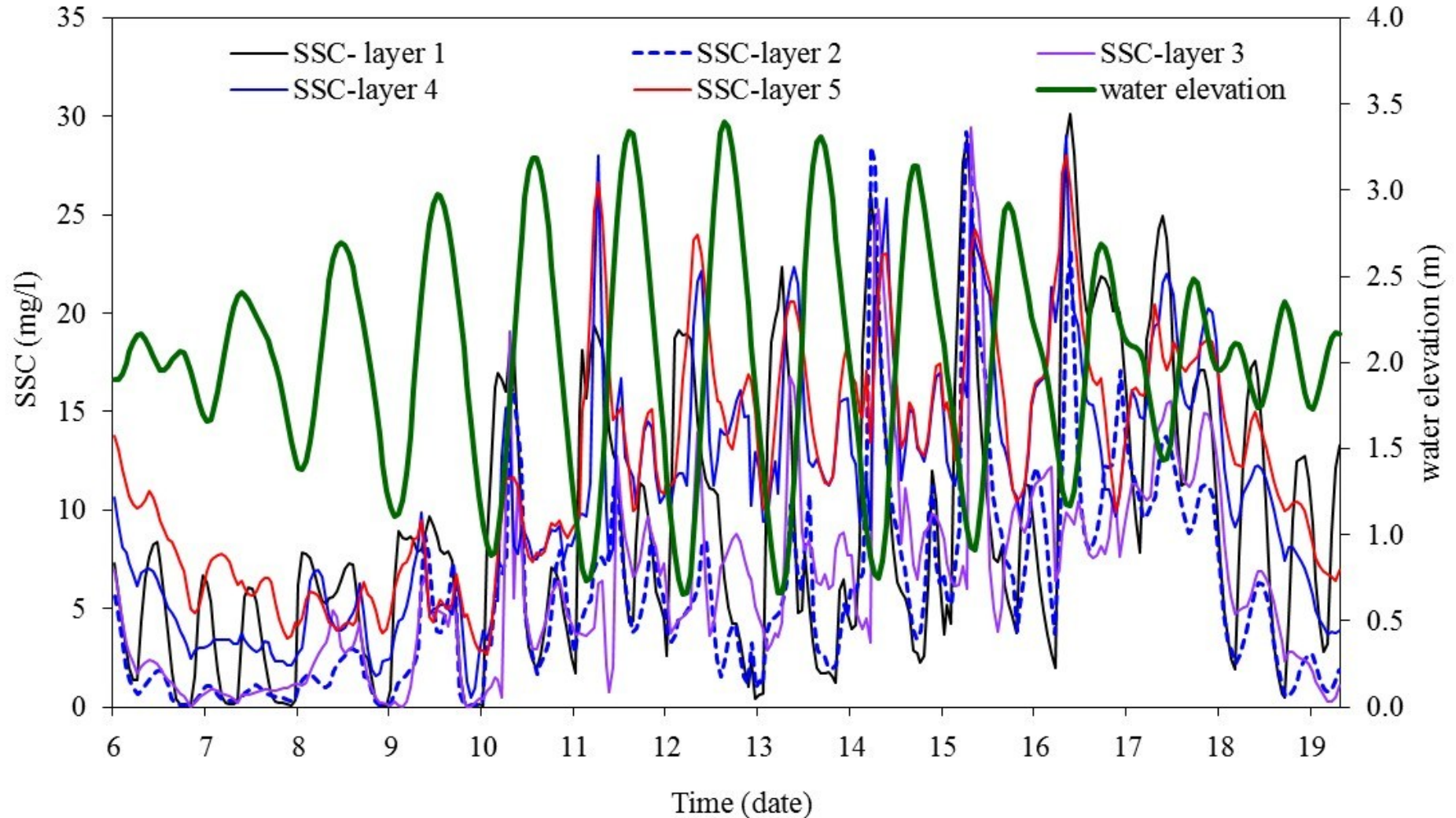
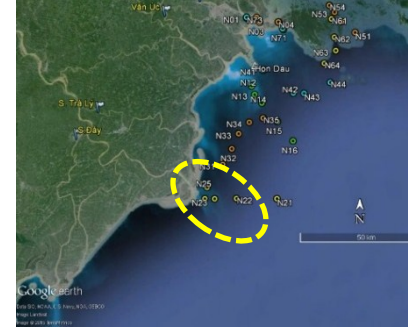
# Results- temporal variation of SSC

Bach Dang estuary coastal area, December 2014



# Results- temporal variation of SSC

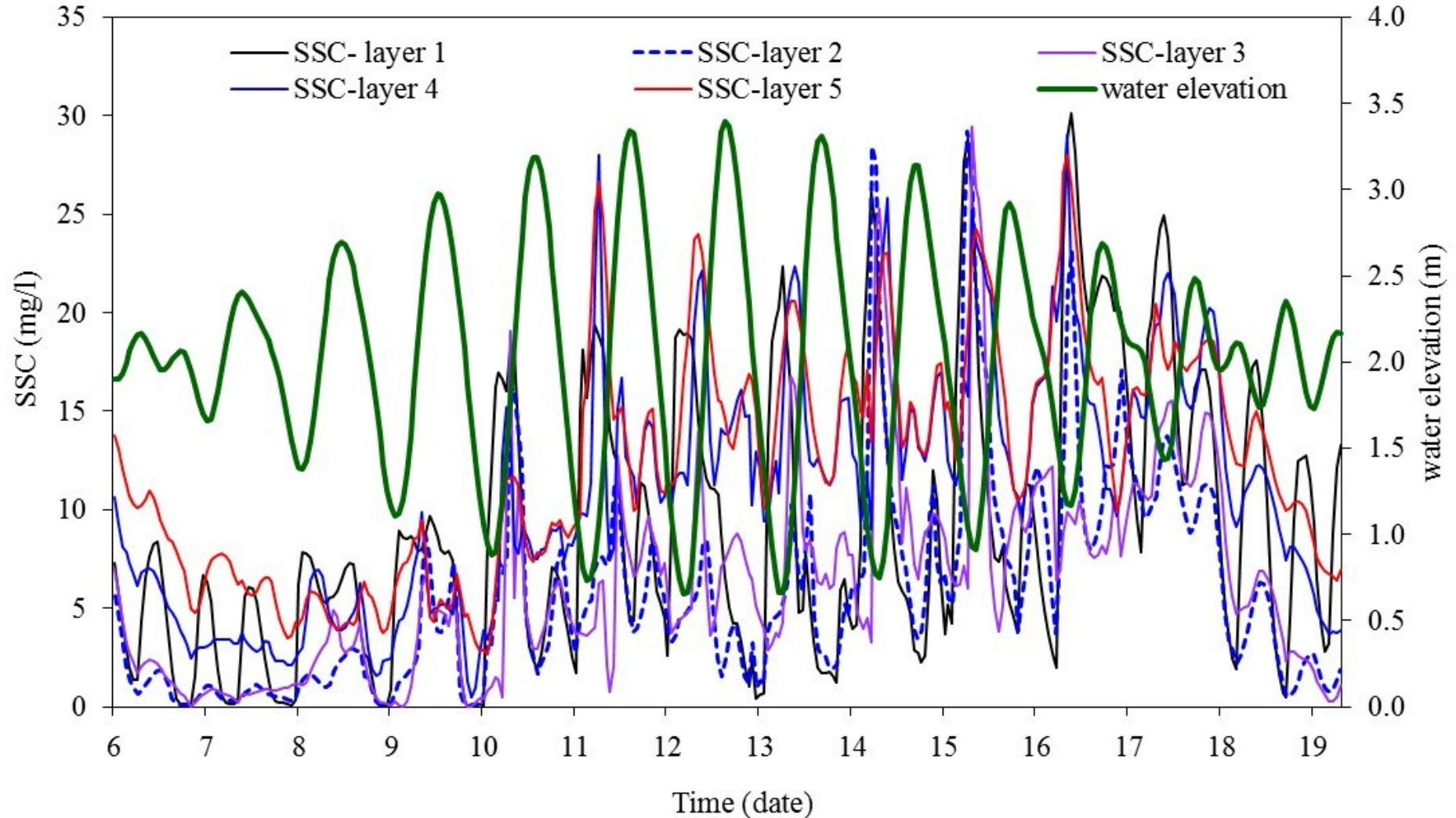
Ba Lat mouth coastal area, July 2014





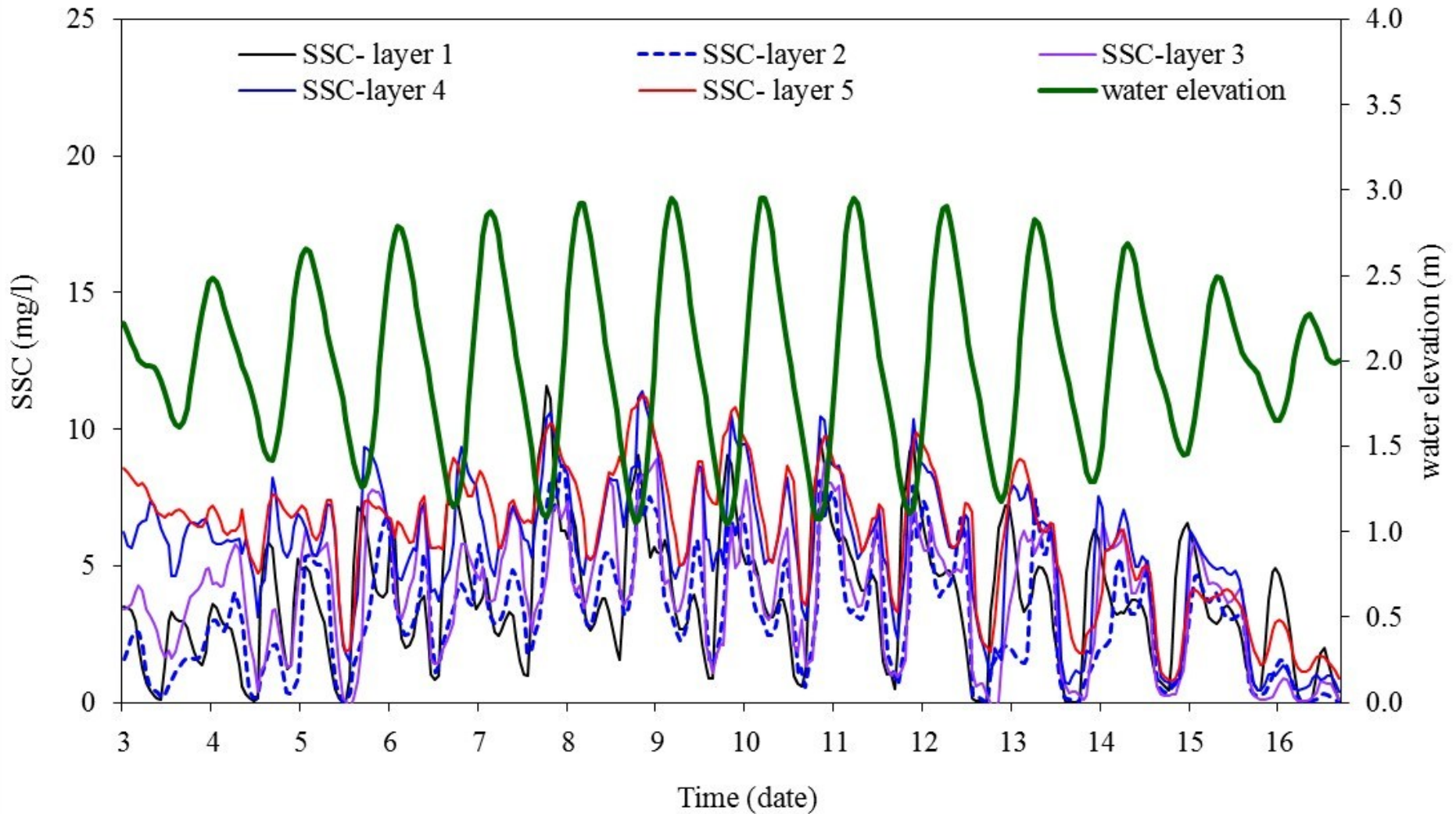
# Results- temporal variation of SSC

Ba Lat mouth coastal area, September 2014



# Results- temporal variation of SSC

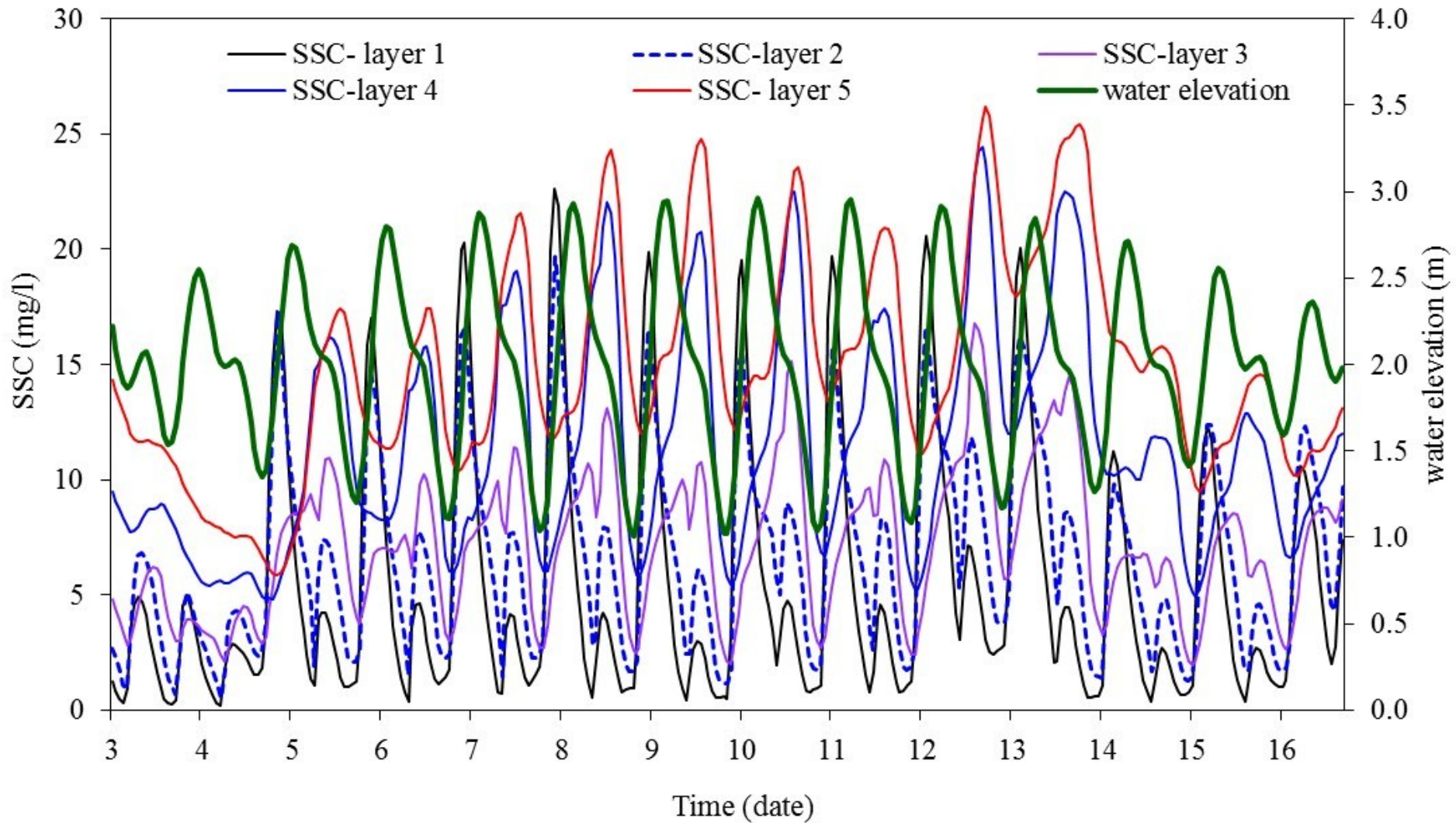
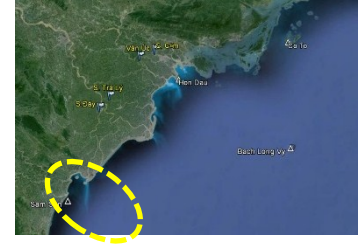
Ba Lat mouth coastal area, December 2014





# Results- temporal variation of SSC

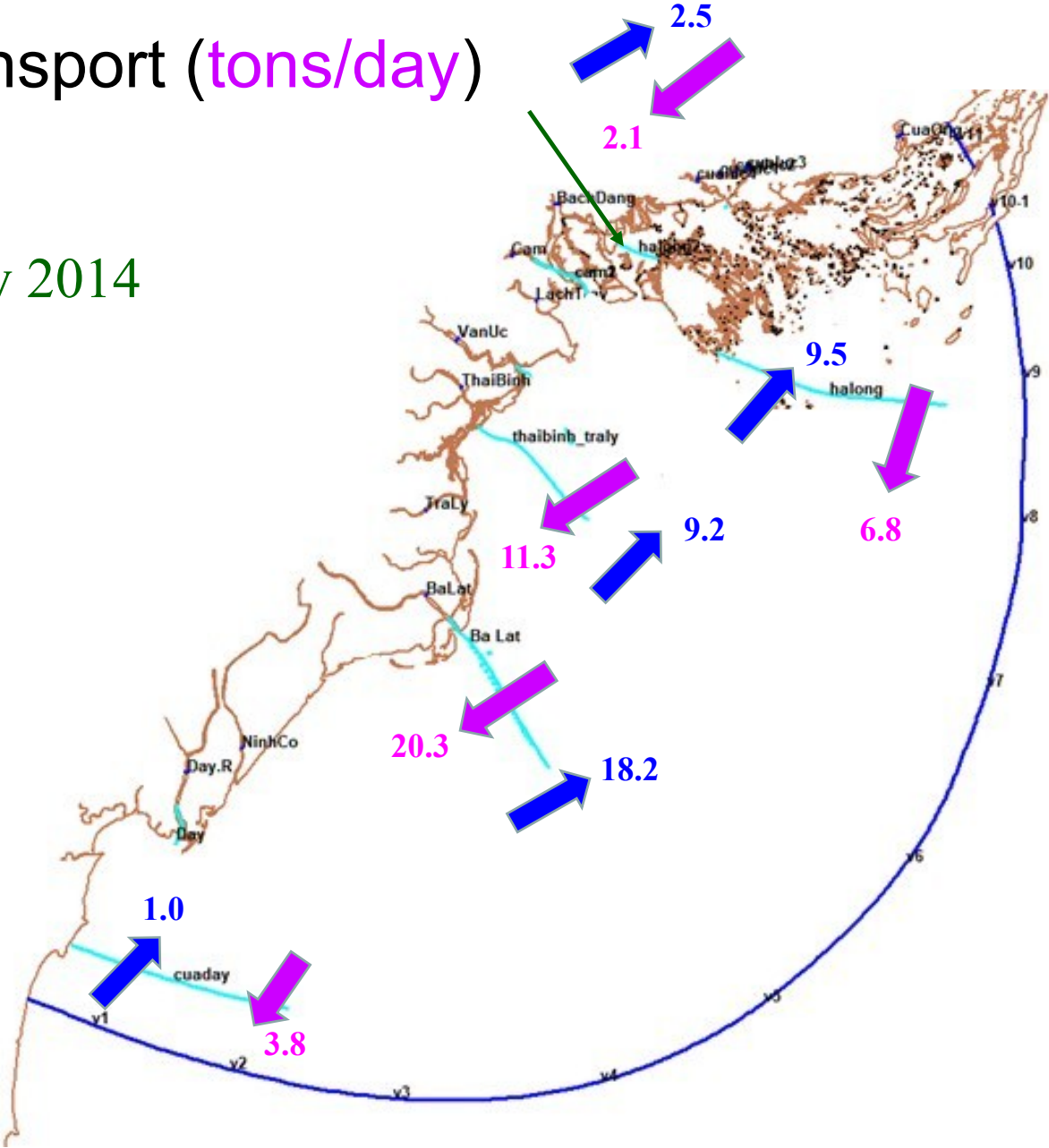
Day mouth coastal area, December 2014





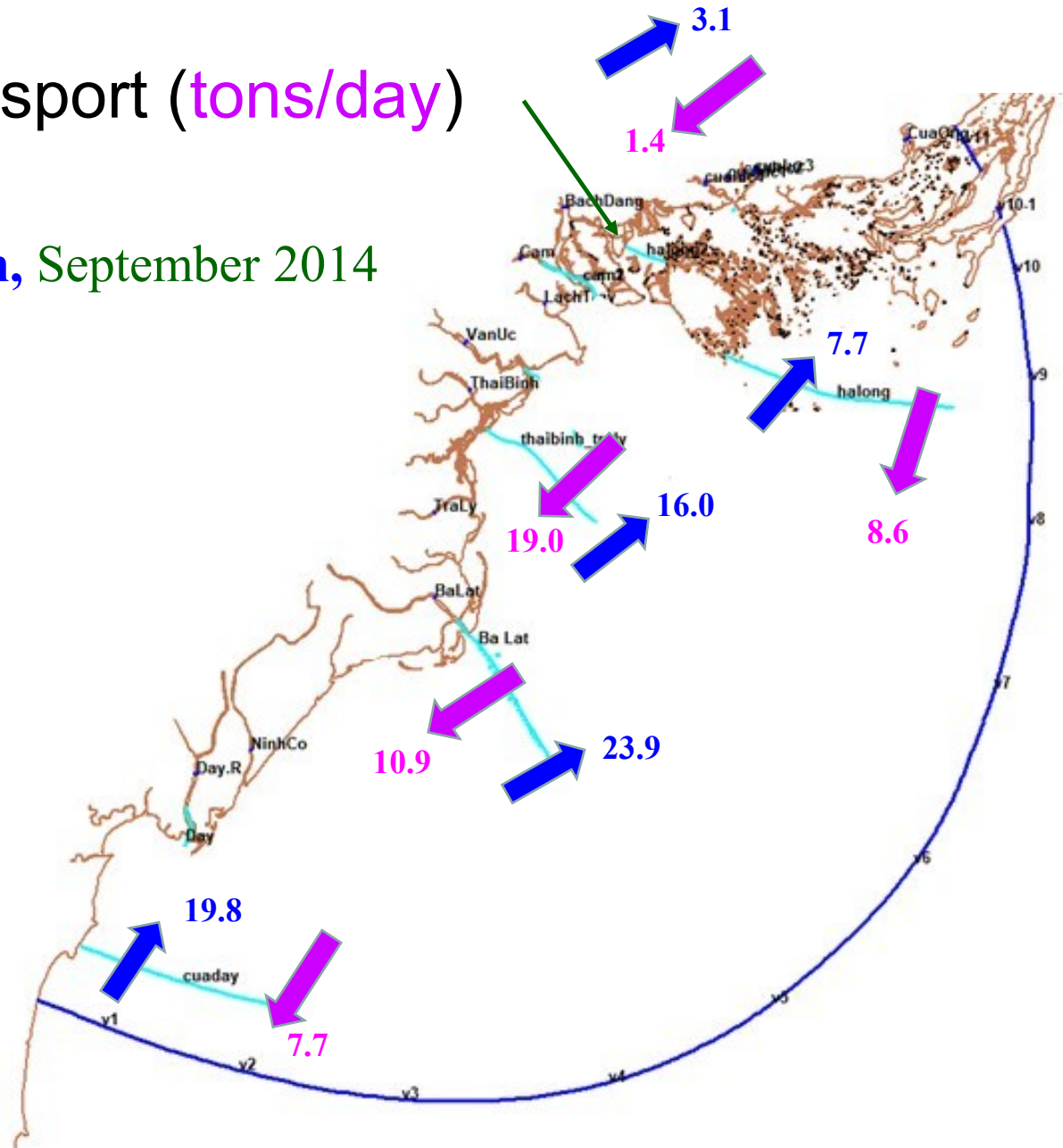
# Alongshore transport (tons/day)

Rainy season, July 2014



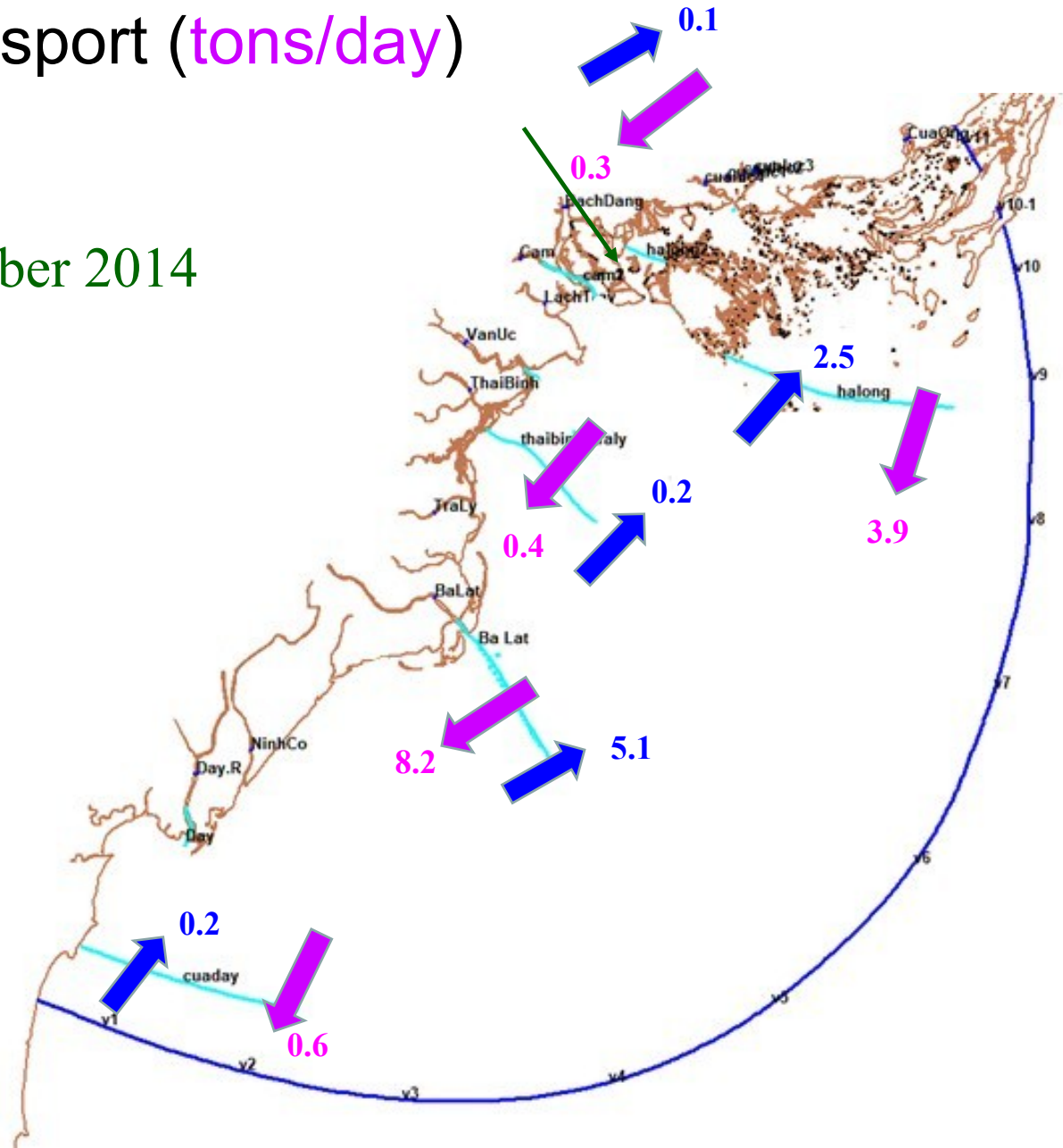
# Alongshore transport (tons/day)

Later of rainy season, September 2014



# Alongshore transport (tons/day)

Dry season, December 2014





# Summary

- There are an acceptable agreement between model calculation and measurement data as well as satellite image
- Temporal distribution of suspended sediment and spatial variation of SSC strong depend on tidal oscillation, sediment flux from the river and wave actions.
- Alongshore sediment transport to southwest direction bigger than to northeast direction.

## Ongoing works:

- Make more model calibration and validation
- sensitivity of suspended sediment dynamics to seasonal forcing: water river discharge, sediment flux, wave, wind.

Acknowledgment: This work acknowledges the support from the CEBioS programme of the Royal Belgian Institute of Natural Sciences (RBINS), Belgium.

Thanks for your attention!