



Royal Netherlands  
Meteorological Institute  
*Ministry of Transport, Public Works  
and Water Management*

# Impact of wind gusts on sea surface height in storm surge situations.

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Rikke van der Grinten (KNMI/IMAU)

Hans de Vries (KNMI)

Huib de Swart (IMAU)





## Wind forcing in WAQUA/DCSM

- Shallow water model for the North Sea: WAQUA/DCSM (v5, res ~ 8 km)
- Forced by hourly averaged winds from HiRLAM
- Drag relation, Charnock relation:

$$\tau = \rho_a C_d u^2 \quad \text{Drag coeff. through Charnock relation}$$

$$u = u_m + u' \quad \langle u' \rangle = 0 \quad \langle u'^2 \rangle = \sigma^2$$

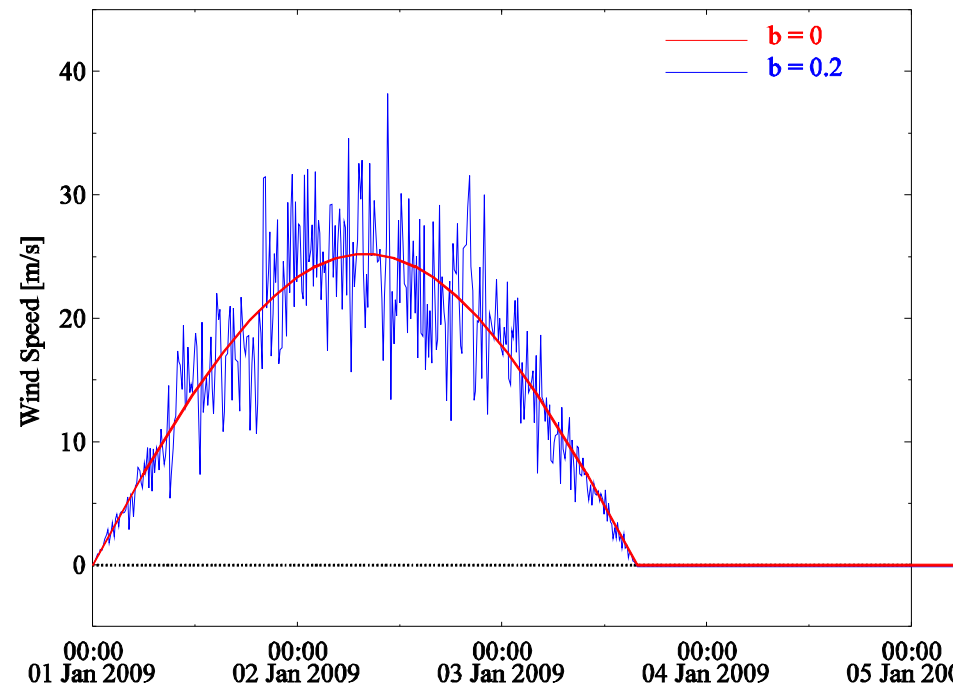
$$\langle u^2 \rangle = u_m^2 + \sigma^2$$

What happens when taking  $u'$  not zero? It has an impact on the surge



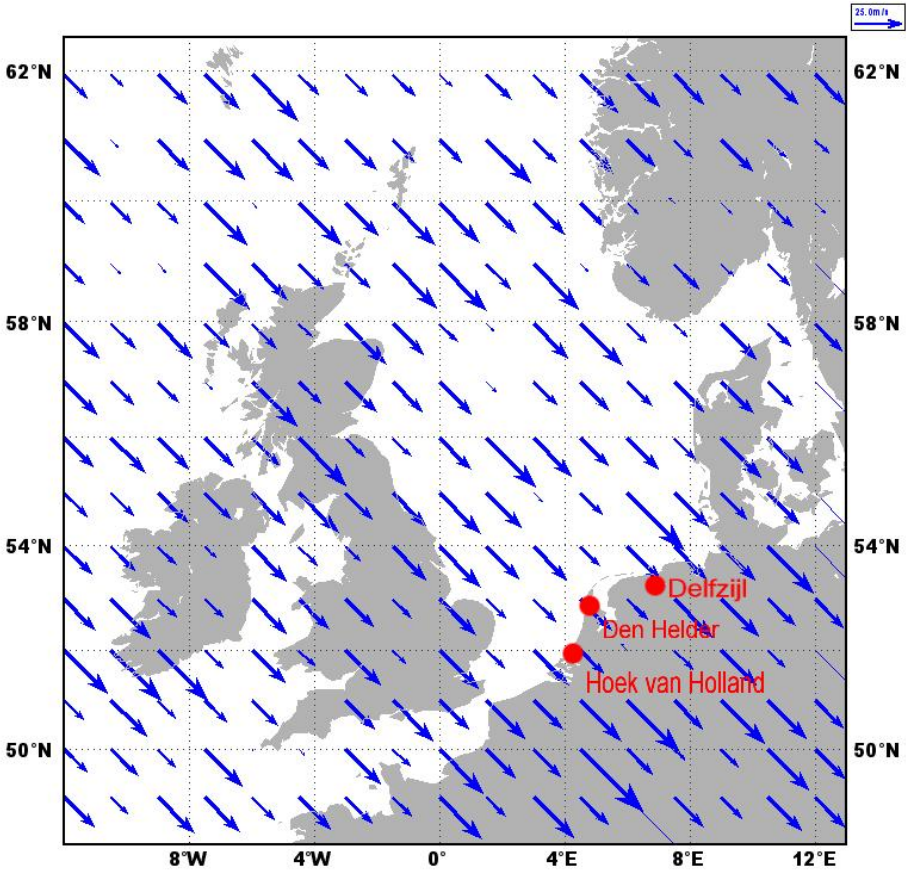
## Monte Carlo experiments in WAQUA

- Forced by theoretical wind field
- Run on the North Sea Domain by WAQUA/DCSM.
- Time step 10 min.
- Mean wind is uniform in space
- Normally distributed random deviations of the wind field:
- $u = u_m + u'$   
 $\mu = 0, \quad \sigma = b \cdot u_m$
- Cross component zero
- Run on astro tide 1<sup>st</sup> January 2009



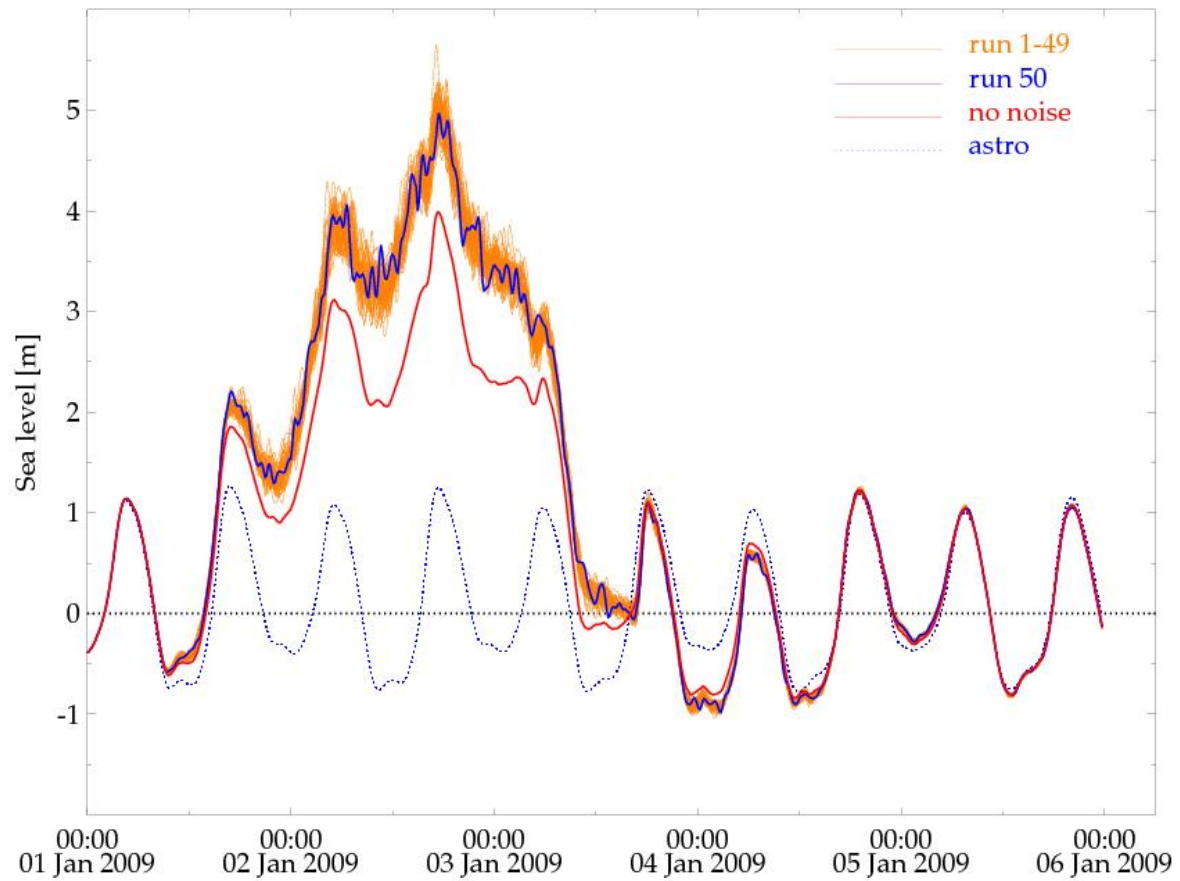


# Monte Carlo experiments





# Monte Carlo experiments

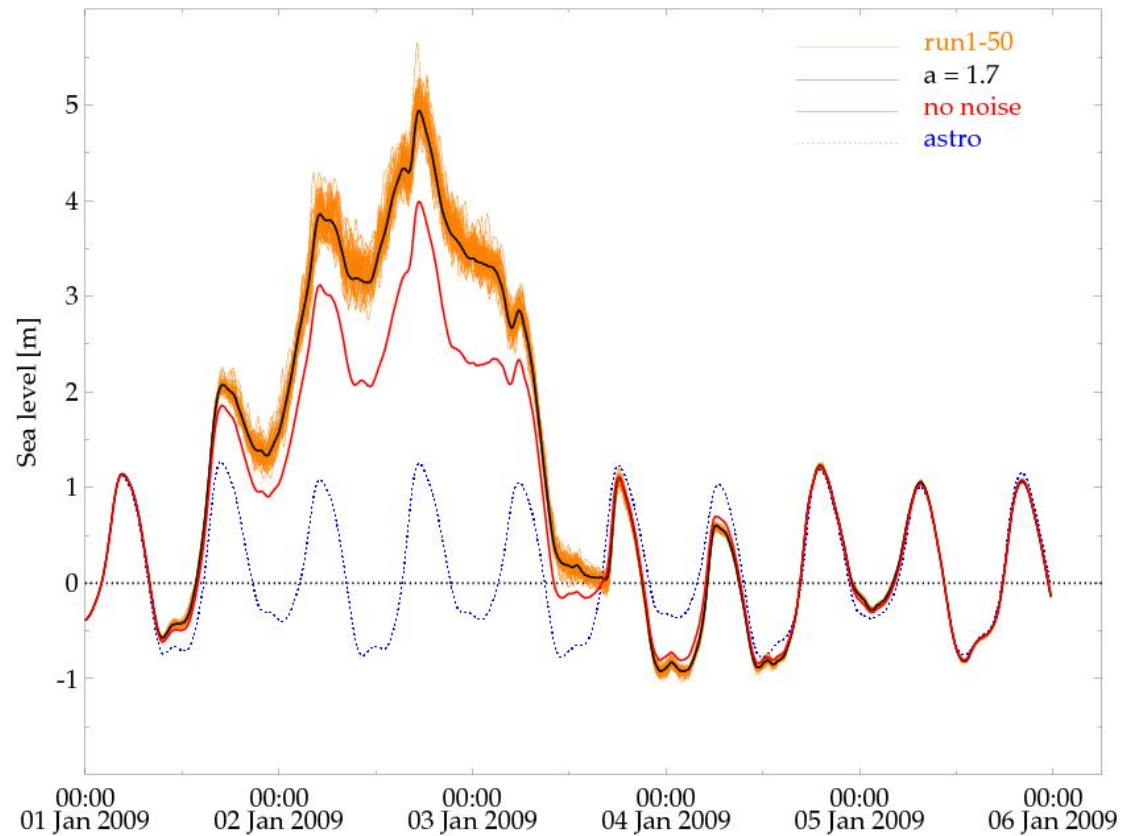




## Monte Carlo experiments

Convenient approximation:

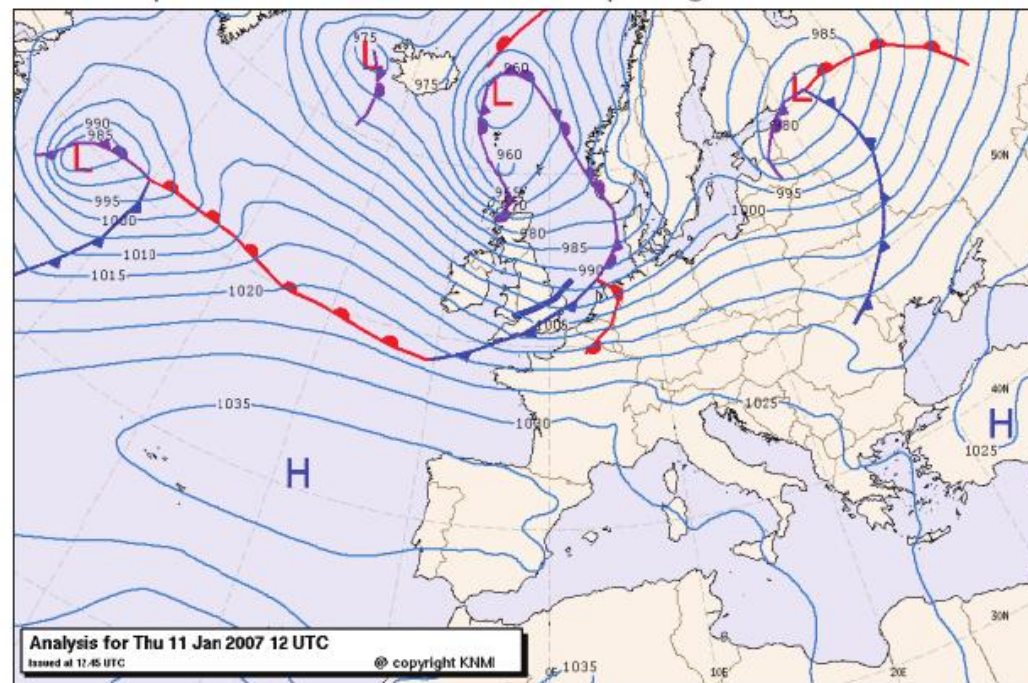
$$u = u_m \sqrt{1 + a \left( \frac{\sigma}{u_m} \right)^2}$$





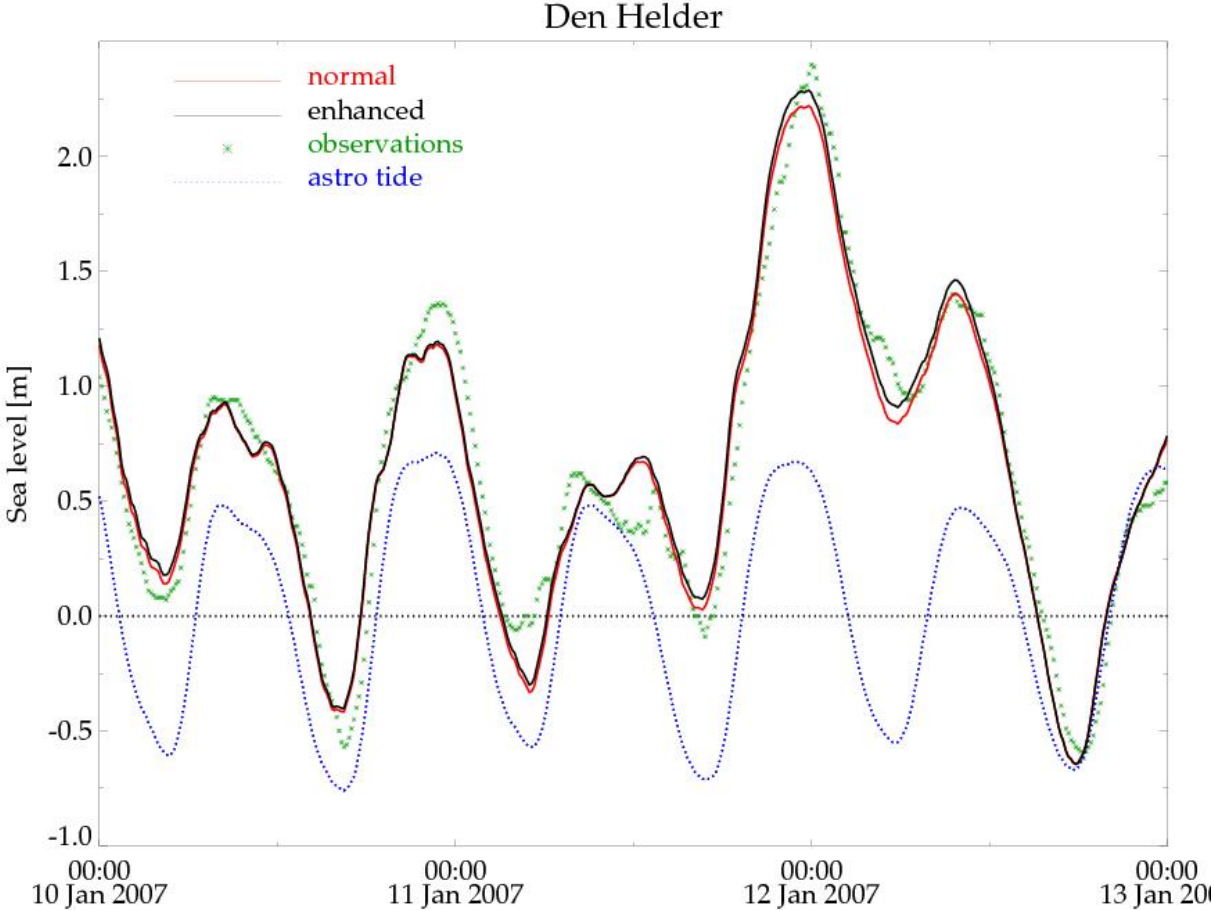
## Realistic case

- Gustiness, pressure and wind field from ECMWF
- Gustiness → Standard deviation of wind:





# Realistic case







## Conclusions

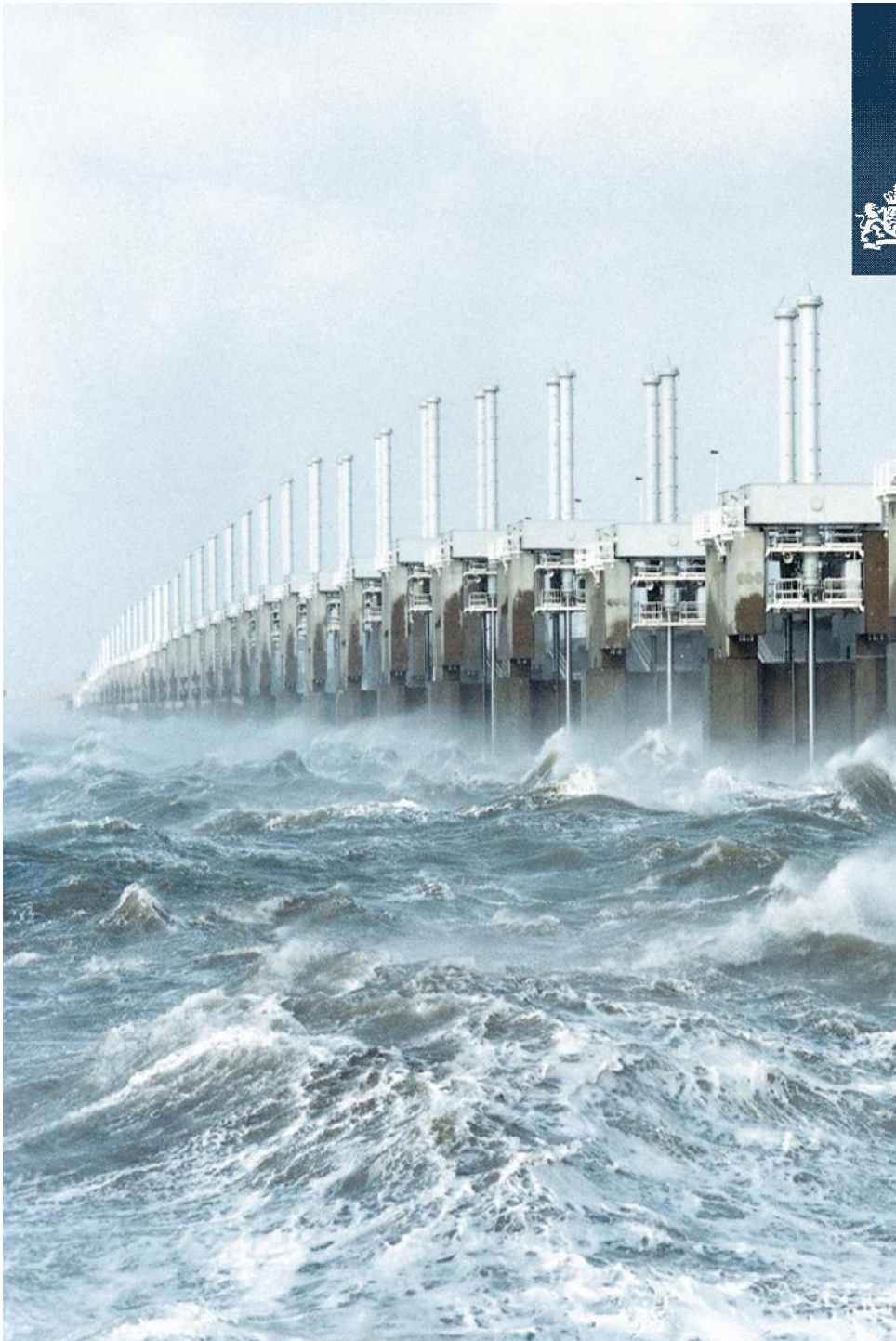
- Gustiness increases the mean stress that is exerted on the sea surface
- This increased wind stress results in enhanced surge levels in case of high gustiness.
- The stress can be approximated by multiplying the wind speed by a factor  $\sqrt{1 + a\left(\frac{\sigma}{u_m}\right)^2}$
- When using the approximation  $a = 1.7$  in a realistic case gustiness enhances surge levels predicted by WAQUA/DCSM.



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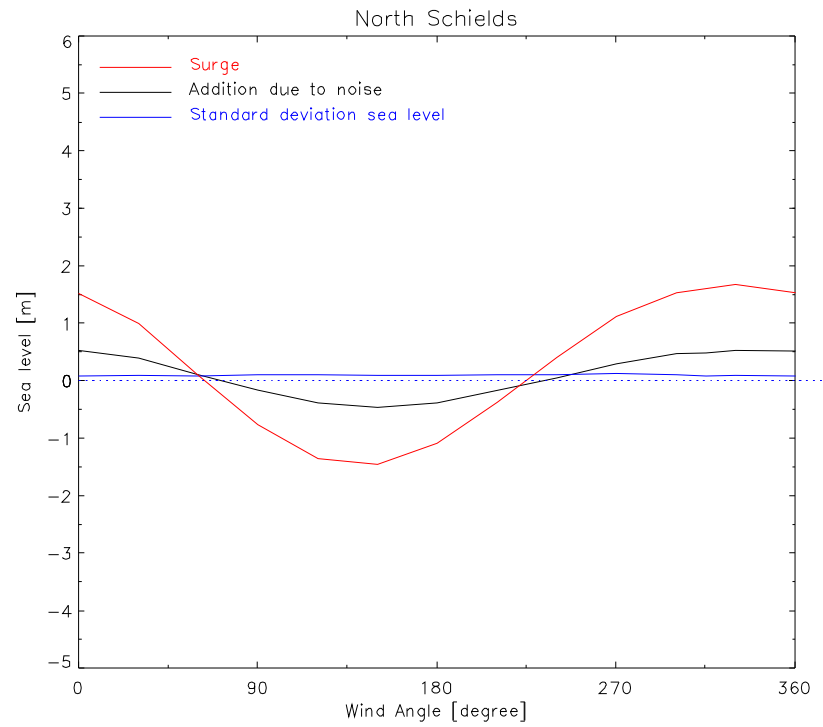
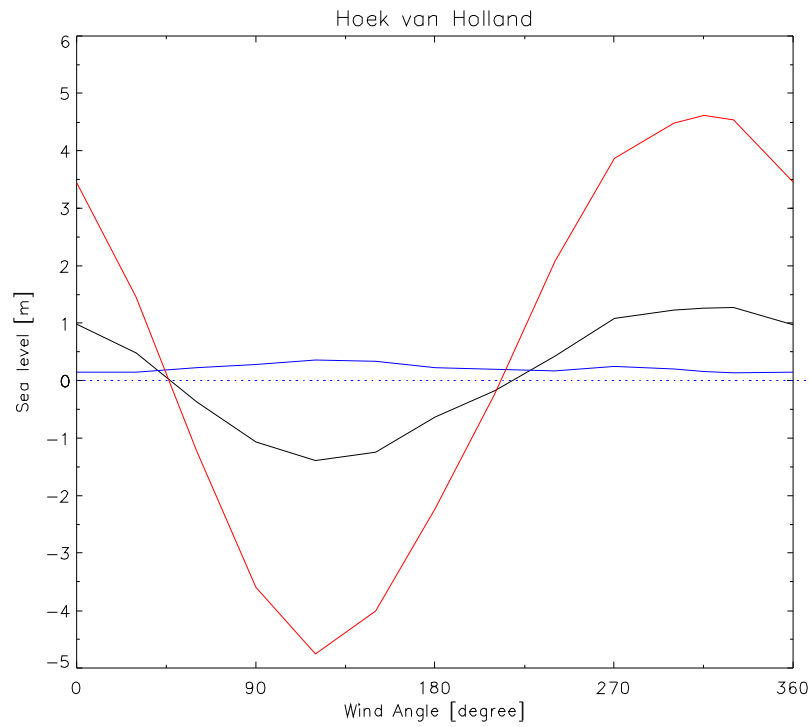
Thank you for  
your attention

Questions?





# Angles of the wind





## Cross component

$$\boldsymbol{\tau} = \rho_a C_d \|\mathbf{u}_a\| \mathbf{u}_a \quad \mathbf{u} = \begin{pmatrix} u_m + u' \\ v' \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\langle \|\mathbf{u}\| \mathbf{u} \rangle = \left\langle \begin{pmatrix} (u_m + u') \sqrt{(u_m + u')^2 + v'^2} \\ v' \sqrt{(u_m + u')^2 + v'^2} \end{pmatrix} \right\rangle$$