

# 5. Java and .NET Interoperability

## Proposal for OpenMI and Java Interoperability

OpenMI version 1.4 will contain both C# and Java versions of Standard defined.

Java interfaces will be created using semi-automatic procedure and will represent exact mirror of C# version. Except language differences between two frameworks.

In this way both Java and C# users of OpenMI should be happy because they will use framework classes from the platform of their choice: System.\* in .NET Framework or org.\* in JDK.

For example:

### C# version

```
using System.Collections.Generic;

namespace OpenMI.Standard
{
    public interface ILinkableComponent
    {
        IList<IExchangeItem> InputItems { get; }
        IList<IExchangeItem> OutputItems { get; }

        event LinkableComponentDataChangedEventHandler DataChanged;
    }
}
```

May look like this:

### Java version

```
package org.openmi.standard;

import java.util.List;

public interface ILinkableComponent
{
    public abstract List<IExchangeItem> getInputItems();
    public abstract List<IExchangeItem> getOutputItems();

    public abstract void addDataChangedListener(LinkableComponentDataChangedEvent e);
    public abstract void removeDataChangedListener(LinkableComponentDataChangedEvent e);
}
```

After that the following directions have to be investigated in order to re-use components between different platforms:

1. Binary conversion of Java components implementing Java version of Standard to .NET and adapting them to C# version of interfaces using Adapter design pattern. Conversion should be possible using [ikvmc](#).
2. Binary conversion of .NET components implementing C# version of Standard to Java and adapting them to Java version of interfaces using Adapter design pattern. Maybe OpenJDK version of [ikvmstub](#).
3. Ingetration of two platforms using WebServices or other remoting methods using one of libraries available for both platforms. For example using Remoting in [Spring](#) and [Spring.NET](#).

Please note:

- **Package names** are defined in a way they expected to be:
  - **org.openmi.standard** for Java
  - **OpenMI.Standard** for .NET
- Collection interface like **IList<T>** defined as corresponding **List<T>** interface in Java.
- **Properties** converted to corresponding **getXxx()** and **setXxx()** methods.
- **Events** are transformed to Java analogs using **addDataChangedListener()**, **removeDataChangedListener()** in a way they **expected to be** in Java world.



### Conclusions

- Java developers will use JDK class libraries and .NET developers will use .NET Framework class libraries. The best from two worlds. We do the rest to make them work together
- When **functional** changes to OpenMI Standard are required - they should be discussed and accepted in both versions without any exceptions. Any deviations may not be called OpenMI Standard anymore.

## Tools

Tool	Description	Comment
<a href="#">IKVM.NET</a>	Binary Java <-> .NET conversion	Latest development version is based on OpenJDK, see <a href="#">blog</a>
<a href="#">Grasshopper</a>	Binary .NET -> Java conversion	Does it use ikvm internally?
<a href="#">JAD</a>	Converts .class into .java	Also contains GUI called <a href="#">FrontEnd Plus</a>