26 TimeSteps

Function:	Configure predefined timesteps for a fews environment
Where to Use?	To define verbose timesteps or to define yearly or monthly time steps
Why to Use?	Yearly and monthly time steps can only be configured in the timesteps.xml. For verbose timesteps it might be useful to define them once in the timestep.xml and refer to them from other configuration files.
Description:	Definition of timesteps which can be referenced from other configuration files
Available since:	

Contents

- Contents
- Overview
- Configuration

 Schema

 - o timeStep
 - yearlyTimeStep

 - Monthly time stepWeekly timestep
 - Other examples

Overview

The timesteps.xml can be used to configure timesteps. This file is useful to define verbose timesteps and refer to the definition of these timesteps to from other configuration files.

Configuration

When available on the file system, the name of the XML file is for example:

TimeSteps 1.00 default.xml

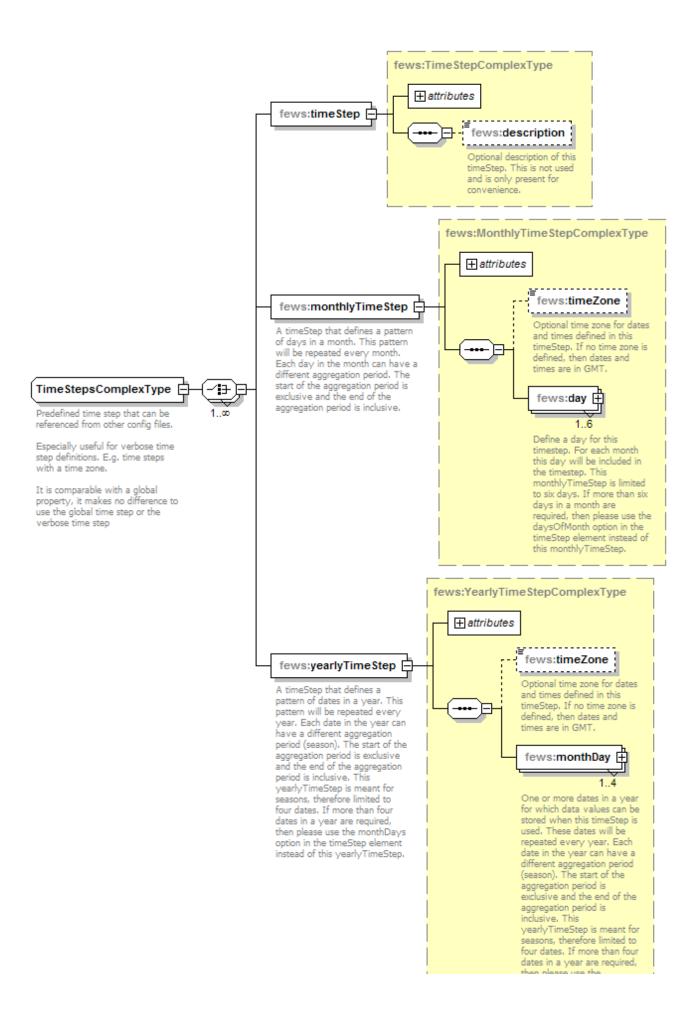
TimeSteps Fixed file name for the TimeSteps configuration

1.00 Version number

Flag to indicate the version is the default configuration (otherwise omitted). default

Schema

Below the schema of the TimeStep.xml configuration files.



monthDays option in the timeStep element instead of this yearlyTimeStep.

Generated by XMLSpy

www.altova.com

timeStep

Attributes;

- id: Unique Id of level threshold. This id should be used when referencing to this definition from other configuration files.

The following link describes in detail of to configure a timestep.

https://publicwiki.deltares.nl/display/FEWSDOC/02+Data+Handling+in+DELFT-FEWS#id-02DataHandlinginDELFT-FEWS-timeStep

yearlyTimeStep

A timeStep that defines a pattern of dates in a year. This pattern will be repeated every year.

Each date in the year can have a different aggregation period (season).

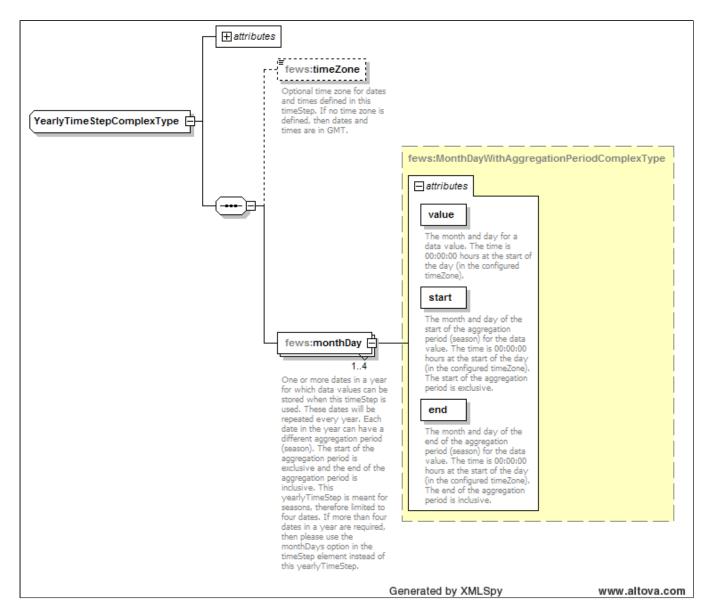
The start of the aggregation period is exclusive and the end of the aggregation period is inclusive.

This yearlyTimeStep is meant for seasons, therefore limited to four dates.

If more than four dates in a year are required, then please use the monthDays option in the timeStep element instead of this yearlyTimeStep

Schema yearly time step

Below the schema of the yearly time step



Below a configuration example

To define a yearly time step an id should be configured. Secondly the monthDays of the time steps should be configured. In this example the yearly time step has 4 monthDays. The start attribute defines the start of the aggregation period and the end tag defines the end of the aggregation period. The value defines the timestamp used to store the aggregated value.

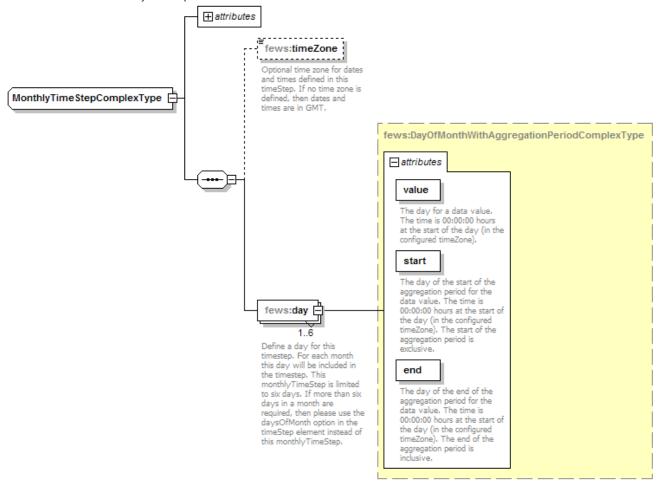
When using the yearly timestep in combination with the accumulation transformations, the value determines a restart moment for the accumulation. For those situations it is advised to set the value at the start of the season.

Monthly time step

A timeStep that defines a pattern of days in a month. This pattern will be repeated every month. Each day in the month can have a different aggregation period. The start of the aggregation period is exclusive and the end of the aggregation period is inclusive.

Schema monthly time step

Below the schema of the monthly time step.



Below a configuration example

Generated by XMLSpy

www.altova.com

Weekly timestep

A timestep that defines a pattern of times in week. This pattern will be repeated every week (since 2014.01). In this example values stored for this timestep are stored on Sunday, 00:00. This could be useful if the default weekly time (Thursday) is not suitable.

```
<weeklyTimeStep id="Week" label="week">
    <sunday times="00:00"/>
</weeklyTimeStep>
```

Other examples

every day at 13:00 <timeStep times="13:00"/> every day at 13:00 and 20:00 <timeStep times="13:00 20:00"/> every hour at each half hour (0:30, 1:30, etc.)

<timeStep minutes="30"/>
every hour at 5 and 45 minutes

<timeStep minutes="05 45">
every 12th of the month
<timeStep daysOfMonth="12"/>
decade

decade <timeStep daysOfMonth="1 11 21"/>